

# Systems Biology: Where it comes from, what it is, and what it does

Nicolas Le Novère, EMBL-EBI



### **Emergence of the notion of system**



### Global Description of the world

"classical" mechanic, anatomy, physiology

### Description of the components of the world

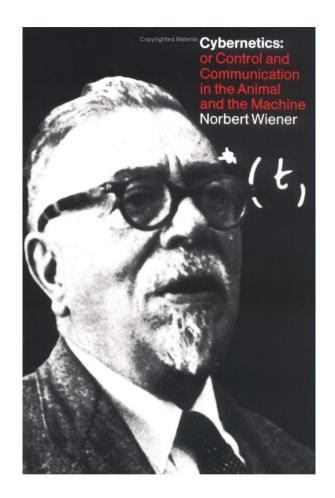
Statistical physics, thermodynamics, quantum mechanic, biochemistry, structural biology, molecular biology

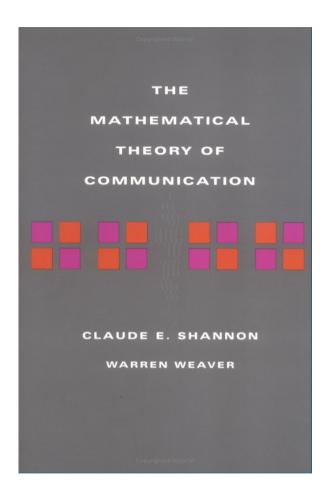
### Description of interacting components

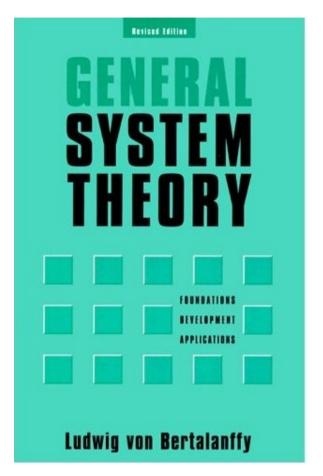
Cybernetics, Information theory, telecommunications, automata, multi-agents, Systems Biology



# Systems have been formalised for a while

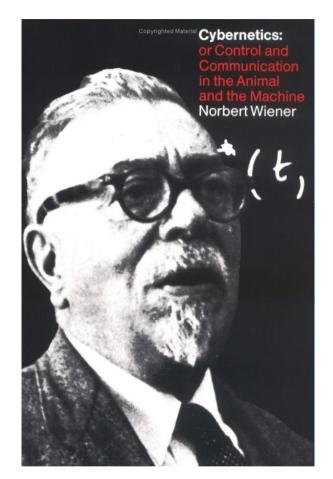


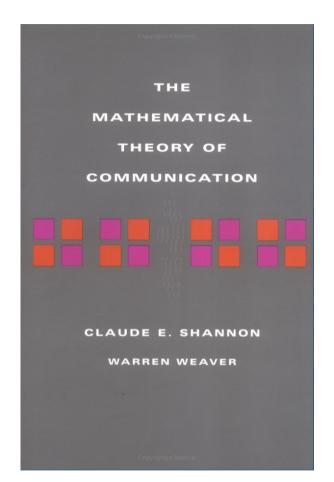


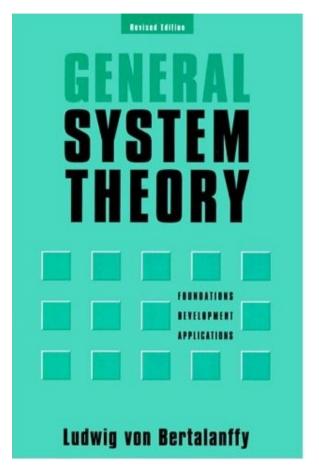




### Systems have been formalised for a while







"[A system consists of] a dynamic order of parts and processes standing in mutual interaction. [...] The fundamental task of biology [is] the discovery of the laws of biological systems" Ludwig von Bertalanfy, Kritische Theorie der Formbildung, 1928



### The three paradigms of Biology





### Molecular Biology

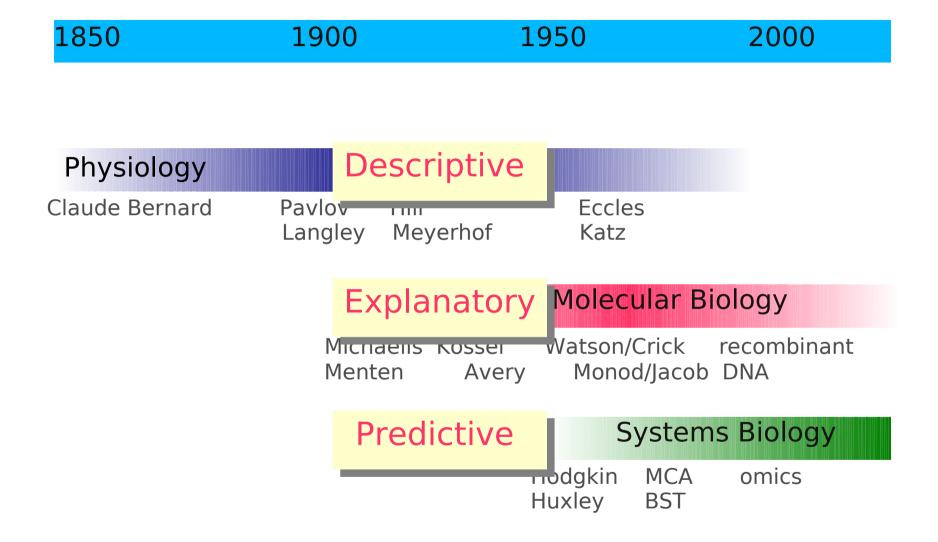
Michaelis Kossel Watson/Crick recombinant Menten Avery Monod/Jacob DNA

### Systems Biology

Hodgkin MCA omics Huxley BST



### The three paradigms of Biology





#### **Events around**

1950	1960	1970	1980	1990	2000	

Hodgkin-Huxley

### models



### Computer simulations Vs. mathematical models

[37]

#### THE CHEMICAL BASIS OF MORPHOGENESIS

By A. M. TURING, F.R.S. University of Manchester

(Received 9 November 1951—Revised 15 March 1952)

It is suggested that a system of chemical substances, called morphogens, reacting together and diffusing through a tissue, is adequate to account for the main phenomena of morphogenesis. Such a system, although it may originally be quite homogeneous, may later develop a pattern or structure due to an instability of the homogeneous equilibrium, which is triggered off by random disturbances. Such reaction-diffusion systems are considered in some detail in the case of an isolated ring of cells, a mathematically convenient, though biologically unusual system. The investigation is chiefly concerned with the onset of instability. It is found that there are six essentially different forms which this may take. In the most interesting form stationary waves appear on the ring. It is suggested that this might account, for instance, for the tentacle patterns on *Hydra* and for whorled leaves. A system of reactions and diffusion on a sphere is also considered. Such a system appears to account for gastrulation. Another reaction system in two



### Computer simulations Vs. mathematical models

[ 37 ]

#### THE CHEMICAL BASIS OF MORPHOGENESIS

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It is suggested that a system of chemical substances, called morphogens, reacting together and diffusing through a tissue, is adequate to account for the main phenomena of morphogenesis.

One would like to be able to follow this more general process mathematically also. The difficulties are, however, such that one cannot hope to have any very embracing theory of such processes, beyond the statement of the equations. It might be possible, however, to treat a few particular cases in detail with the aid of a digital computer. This method has the advantage that it is not so necessary to make simplifying assumptions as it is when doing a more theoretical type of analysis.



## **Birth of Computational Systems Biology**

J. Physiol. (1952) 117, 500-544

### A QUANTITATIVE DESCRIPTION OF MEMBRANE CURRENT AND ITS APPLICATION TO CONDUCTION AND EXCITATION IN NERVE

By A. L. HODGKIN AND A. F. HUXLEY

From the Physiological Laboratory, University of Cambridge

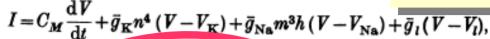
(Received 10 March 1952)

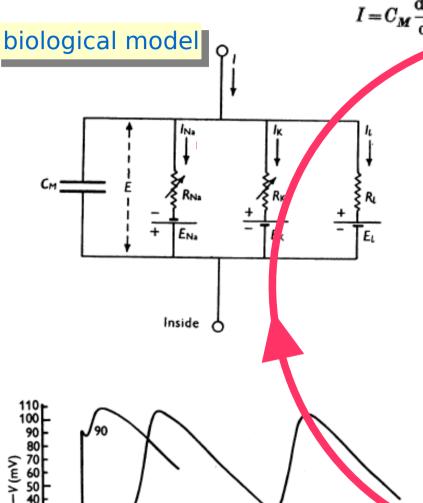
This article concludes a series of papers concerned with the flow of electric current through the surface membrane of a giant nerve fibre (Hodgkin, Huxley & Katz, 1952; Hodgkin & Huxley, 1952 a-c). Its general object is to discuss the results of the preceding papers (Part I), to put them into mathematical form (Part II) and to show that they will account for conduction and excitation in quantitative terms (Part III).



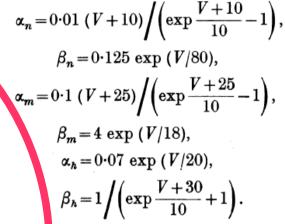
### The Computational Systems Biology loop

### mathematical model





$\mathrm{d}n/\mathrm{d}t = \alpha_n(1-n) - \beta_n n,$
$\mathrm{d}m/\mathrm{d}t = \alpha_m(1-m) - \beta_m, m,$
$\mathrm{d}h/\mathrm{d}t = \alpha_h(1-h) - \beta_h h,$



Constant	Value chosen (2)
$C_M (\mu F/cm^2)$ $V_{Na} (mV)$ $V_K (mV)$	1·0 -115 + 12
$V_{l}$ (mV)	- 10-613
$\bar{g}_{Na}$ (m.mho/cm <sup>2</sup> )	1.0
$ar{g}_{\mathbf{K}} \ ( ext{m.mho/cm}^2) \ ar{g}_{l} \ ( ext{m.mho/cm}^2)$	36 0·3

msec

Mean	Range
(3)	<b>(4)</b>
0.91	0.8 to 1.5
- 109	-95  to  -119
+ 11	+ 9  to  + 14
- 11	- 4 to - 22
( 80	65 to 90
1160	120 to 260
34	26 to 49
0.26	0.13  to  0.50

Experimental values

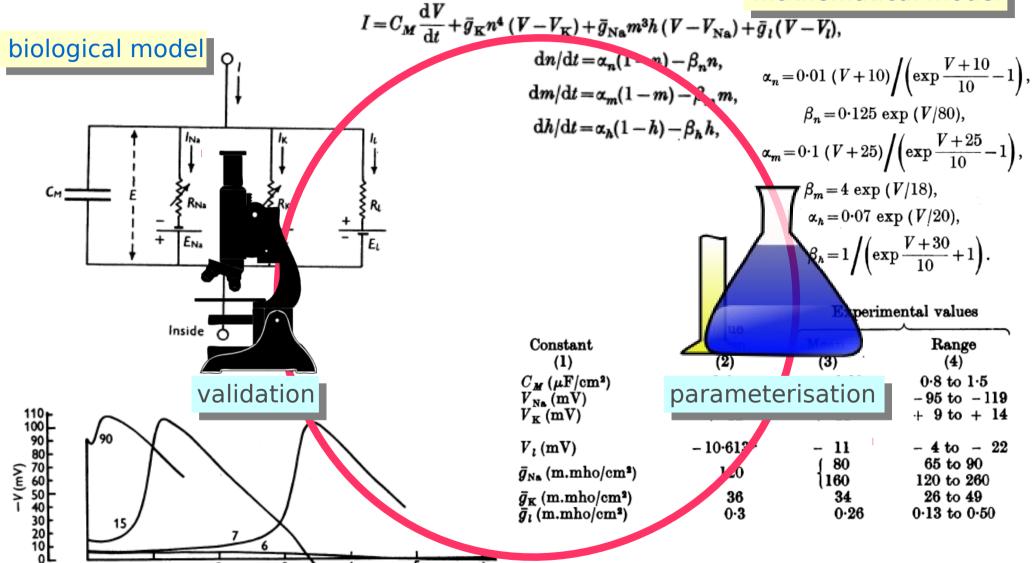
simulation |

computational model



### The Computational Systems Biology loop

#### mathematical model



msec

simulation |

computational model



#### **Events around**

First co	mputers	PDB	EMBLbank PC		Genomes Interactomes
1950	1960	1970	1980	1990	2000



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ne	Rall's cable approximation eurobiology	complex neurons	simple circuits	Purkinje Neuron	Blue Brain Project



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		Rall's cable approximation neurobiology	complex neurons	simple circuits	Purkinje Neuron	Blue Brain Project
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		IIIe	Liious			Barabasi Repressilator



E١	ents ar	ound						
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							Barabasi Repressilator	



### 90s: maturation of the community

- Publication of modelling work in high visibility journals, e.g.:
  - Tyson. modeling the cell-division cycle cdc2 and cyclin interactions. *PNAS* 1991; McAdams and Shapiro. Circuit simulation of genetic networks. *Science* 1995; Perelson et al. HIV-1 dynamics in vivo: Virion clearance rate, infected cell life-span, and viral generation time. *Science* 1996; Barkai and Leibler. Robustness in simple biochemical networks. *Nature* 1997; Neuman et al. Hepatitis C viral dynamics in vivo and the antiviral efficacy of interferon-alpha therapy. *Science* 1998; Yue et al. Genomic cis-regulatory logic: Experimental and computational analysis of a sea urchin gene . *Science* 1998; Bray et al. Receptor clustering as a cellular mechanism to control sensitivity. *Nature* 1998
- Structuration of the community modelling metabolism
- Large-scale simulation projects
  - E-Cell project 1996; The Virtual Cell 1998
- Availability of high-throughput data on parts and interactions
  - Two-hybrids (1989); microarrays (1995) etc.
- Large-scale funding for wet+dry studies of biological systems
  - Alliance For Cellular Signalling (http://www.afcs.org/). First of the NIH "glue grants". 1998



### Formal creation of Systems Biology

- "Modelling" Systems Biology
  - 1998 Hiroaki Kitano founds the Systems Biology Institute in Tokyo
  - First appearance: Kyoda, Kitano. Virtual Drosophila project: Simulation of drosophila leg formation. Genome Informatics Series (1998)
  - Kitano, H. Perspectives on systems biology. New Generation Computing Volume 18, Issue 3, 2000, Pages 199-216
- "Network" Systems Biology
  - First appearance: Leroy Hood. Systems biology: new opportunities arising from genomics, proteomics and beyond. *Experimental Hematology*. Volume 26, Issue 8, 1998, Page 681
  - Schwikowski B, Uetz P, Fields S. A network of protein-protein interactions in yeast. Nat Biotechnol. 2000 Dec;18(12):1257-61.
  - 2000 Leroy Hood founds the Systems Biology Institute in Seattle



### The "two" Systems Biology

#### What

Reconstructions of systems kinetic modelling, simulation, numerical analysis. Mainly metabolic networks and signalling pathways

#### Who

 Originates from Biochemistry, Physics and Engineering Arkin, Bhalla, Bray, Fell, Ferrell, Hunter, Kell, Kholodenko, Kitano, Leibler, Noble, Palsson, Tyson, Westerhoff ... International Society for Systems Biology

#### When

International Conference on Systems Biology

#### Where

Biochemical journals, BMC
 Systems Biology, IET Systems
 Biology, Molecular Systems
 Biology

# Systems-wide analysis Genome-wide analysis, interactomes, regulatory

interactomes, regulatory networks, boolean models. Mainly gene regulatory networks

- Originates from Functional Genomics, Bioinformatics and Mathematics Bork, Brunak, Kirschner, Hood, Ideker, Snyder, Vidal ... International Society of Computational Biology
- Intelligent Systems in Molecular Biology, International Conference on Pathways, Networks, and Systems Medicine
- Bioinformatics, PloS Computational Biology



1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 20	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	200
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1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007 SystemsX **ERATO-Kitano** Alliance for Cellular Signaling HepatoSys SysBio enters FP6 projects **ERASysBio YSBN** 



IEE Sys Bio MSB

BMC Sys Bio

1998 2007 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 FRATO-Kitano SystemsX Alliance for Cellular Signaling HepatoSys SysBio enters FP6 projects **ERASysBio YSBN ECell** Von Dassow SBML Choi Klipp Alon Palsson Annual Review Science Kriete Ideker/Hood special issue Boogerd publications "Foundations of Systems Biology" Kaneko Szallasi Grierson

Computational Cell Biology"



1998 1999 2000 2001 2002 2003 2004 2005 2006 2007

ERATO-Kitano
Alliance for Cellular Signaling

projects

SystemsX

HepatoSys

SysBio enters FP6

YSBN

**ERASysBio** 

ECell Von Dassow

SBML Science

Klipp Alon Kriete Palss

Alon Choi Palsson

Annual Review Science Ideker/Hood special is

Boogerd

Szallasi

publications

'Hood special issue "Foundations of Systems Biology" Kaneko

Grierson

Computational Cell Biology"

IEE Sys Bio MSB

**BMC Sys Bio** 

Tokyo Systems Biology Institute

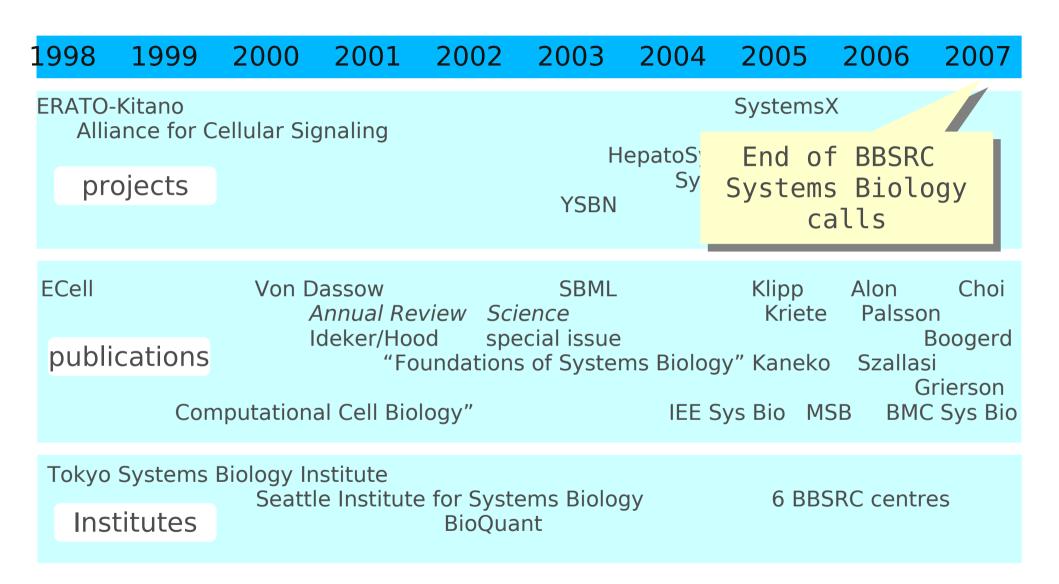
Seattle Institute for Systems Biology

BioQuant

6 BBSRC centres

Institutes







### **Merging communities**

### **Nobel Symposium on Systems Biology (June 2009)**

Bernard Palsson

Nicolas Le Novère

#### networks

Leroy Hood

Marc Vidal

Mike Snyder

Marc Kirschner

Charlie Boone

Ruedi Aebersold

Terence Hwa

Erin O'Shea

jussi taipale

#### models

Eric Davidson

Stanislas Leibler Michel Savageau

Lucy Shapiro Hans Westerhoff Roger Brent

Luis Serrano

Uwe Sauer

Francois Nedelec

Jim Ferrell

Naama Barkai Jorg Stelling

Jens Nielsen Edda Klipp Boris Kholodenko

Bela Novak

Johan Elf Hiroaki Kitano

Stefan Hohmann

Harley McAdams

William Bialek

Mans Ehrenberg



### **Merging communities**

### **Nobel Symposium on Systems Biology (June 2009)**

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jussi taipale

Avid Regev

Jeff Hasty

Michael Elowitz

Yoshihide Hayashizaki inthetic biology

Richard Young

models

Eric Davidson

**Uwe Sauer** 

Stanislas Leibler Michel Savageau

Roger Brent Lucy Shapiro Hans Westerho

François Nedelec Luis Serrano

Naama Barkai

Jorg Stelling

Jens Nielsen Edda Klipp

Johan Elf

Bernard Palsson

cell reprogramming

Nicolas Le Novère

Boris Kholodenko

Bela Novak

Jim Ferrell

Hiroaki Kitano

Stefan Hohmann

Harley McAdams

William Bialek

Mans Ehrenberg



# What did engineering bring?













## What do-we expect from XXIst cent biotechnology?



### Basic science

Systems of Life
Systems Biology



## Technology



# EXTREME GENETIC ENGINEERING

An Introduction to Synthetic Biology

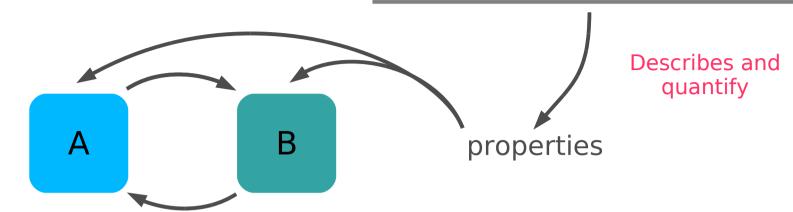


lanuary 2007



### What is Systems Biology?

Molecular and Cellular Biology



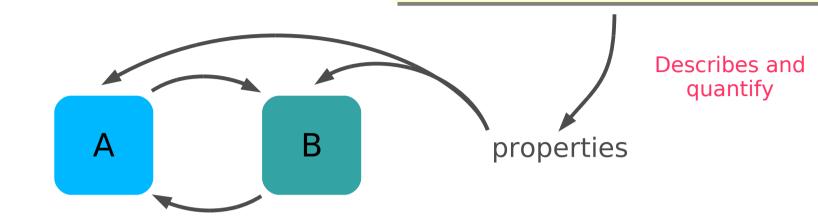
Level N

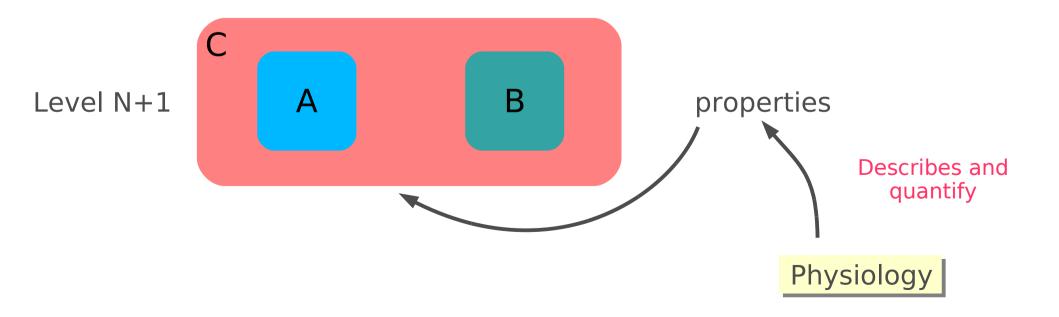


Level N

## **What is Systems Biology?**

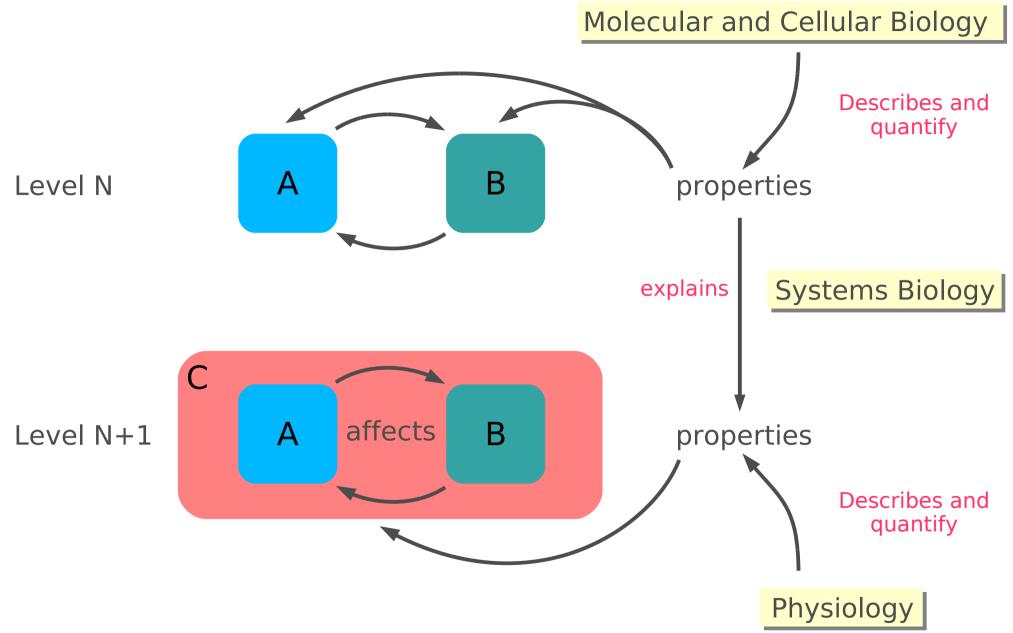
Molecular and Cellular Biology







### What is Systems Biology?





Systems Biology is the study of a biological system, taking into account all the necessary constituents, their relationships and their evolution



## What to do?

	bottom-up	top-down
<ul><li>Build the system</li></ul>	literature	pathway database
<ul><li>Put numbers</li></ul>	biochemistry	"omics"
<ul><li>Parametrise</li></ul>	parameter search	hmm
<ul><li>Analyse</li></ul>	Simulation	structural analysis, steady-state analysis
<ul><li>perturb</li></ul>	Inhibition, stimulation, suppression, surexprexion	



### What to do?

biochemistry

bottom-up

Build the system

Put numbers

Parametrise

Analyse

perturb

literature

biochemistry

Modelling parameter search

Simulation

**Bioinformatics** 

top-down

pathway database

high-throughput "omics"

hmm....

structural analysis, steady-state analysis

Inhibition, stimulation, suppression, surexpression

Molecular biology



# EBI-FEBS course "in silico biology: Network Reconstruction, Analysis and Modelling

**Date:** 23-27 May 2011

Venue: EMBL-EBI

Organisers: Vicky Schneider, Nicolas Le Novère

Registration Opens: 1st October 2010

■ **Registration Deadline:** 1st March 2011

For a preview, see the former EBI-EMBO course:

http://www.ebi.ac.uk/training/handson/course\_100410\_sysbiol.html



# **Systems Biology**

Edda Klipp, Wolfram Liebermeister, Christoph Wierling, Axel Kowald, Hans Lehrach, and Ralf Herwig

