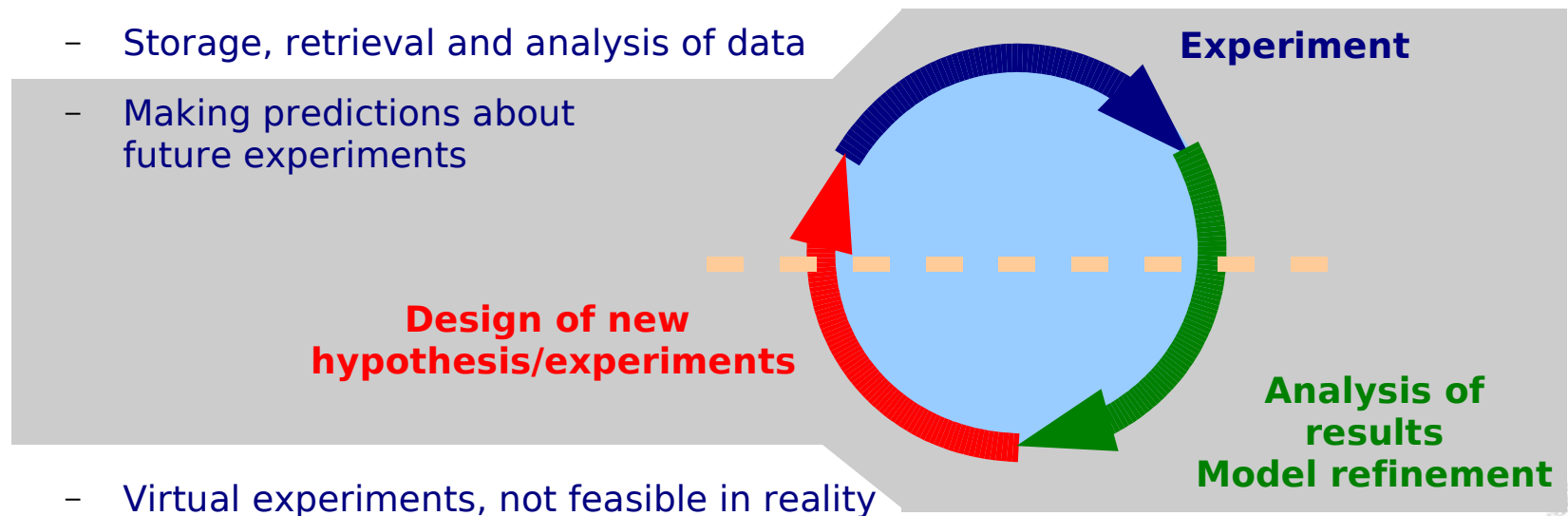


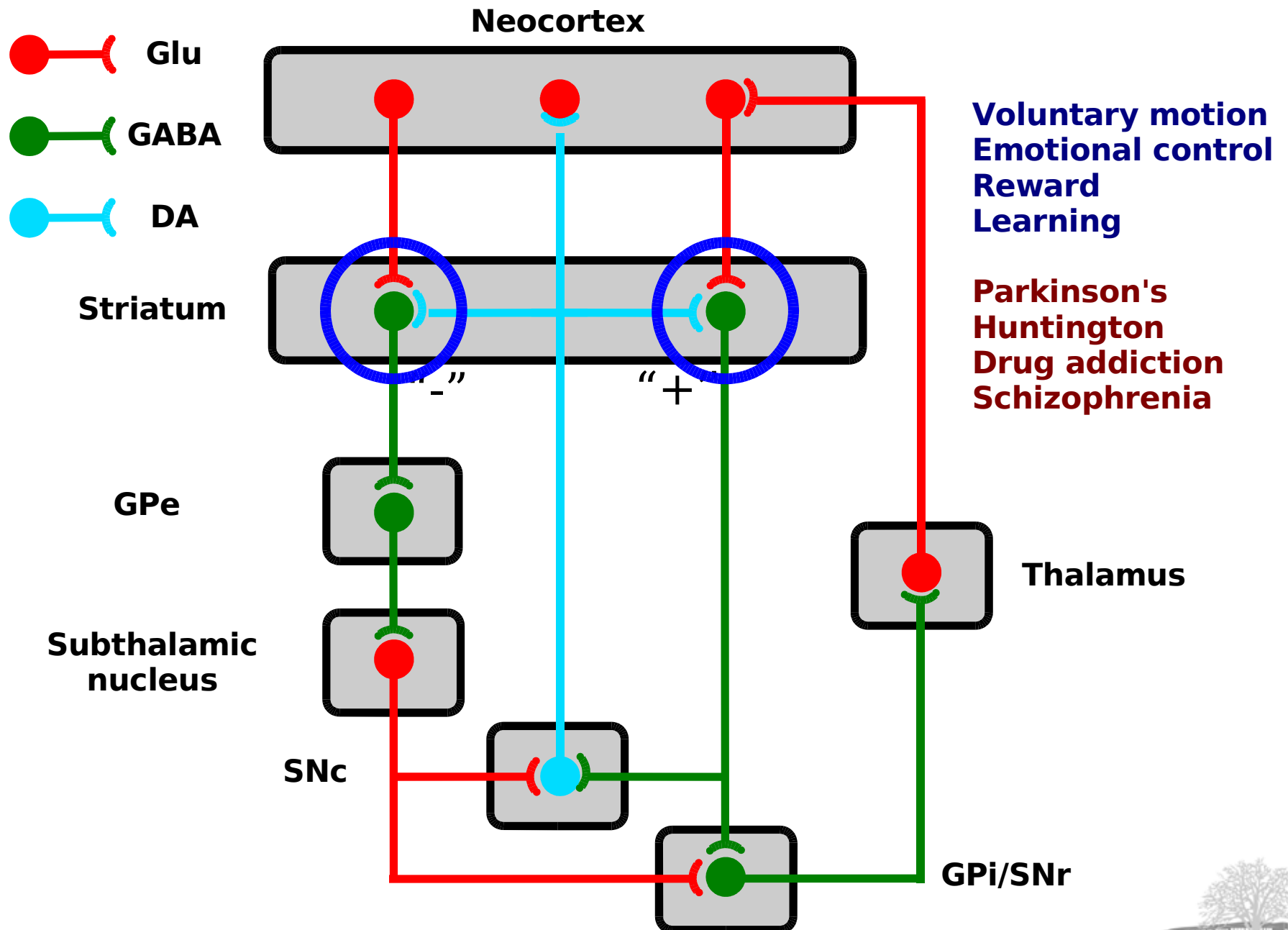
Quantitative models in Systems Biology: Generation, curation and exchange

Why computer simulations in Biology

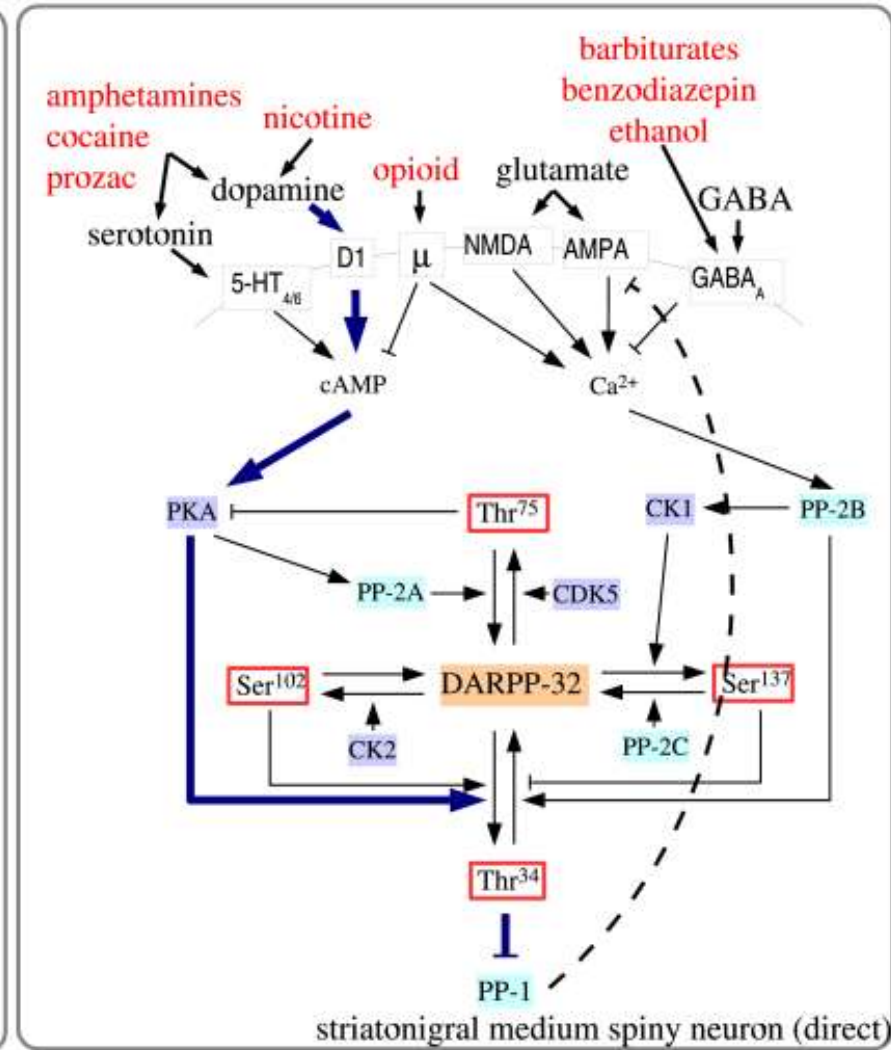
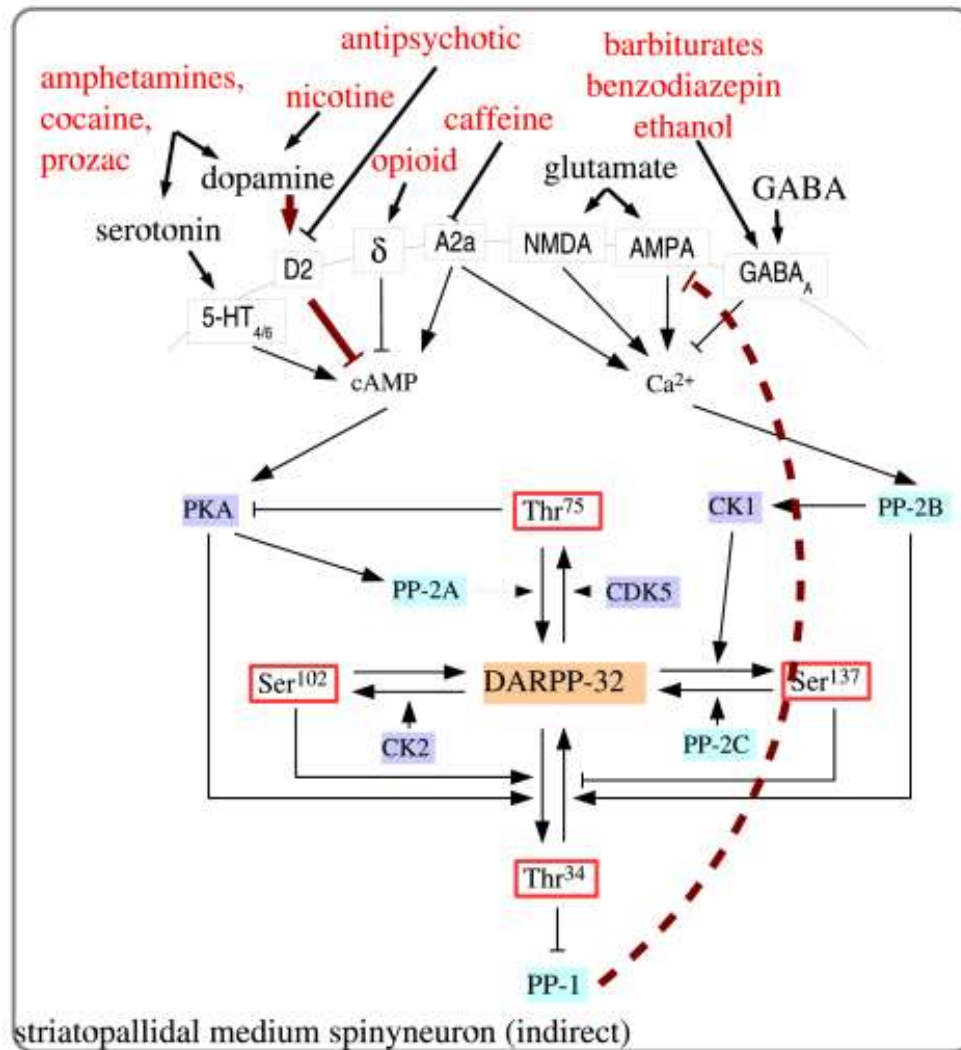
- Complexity of biological systems
 - Structural complexity: molecular and cellular levels
 - Functional complexity: network of relations
- Limitations of analytical approaches
 - Intractable system of equations
 - Existence of chaotic behaviours
 - Experiments often provides snapshots of processes
- Faster and cheaper computers
- Computing can complement experimental investigations by:



Dopamine mesotelencephalic pathway

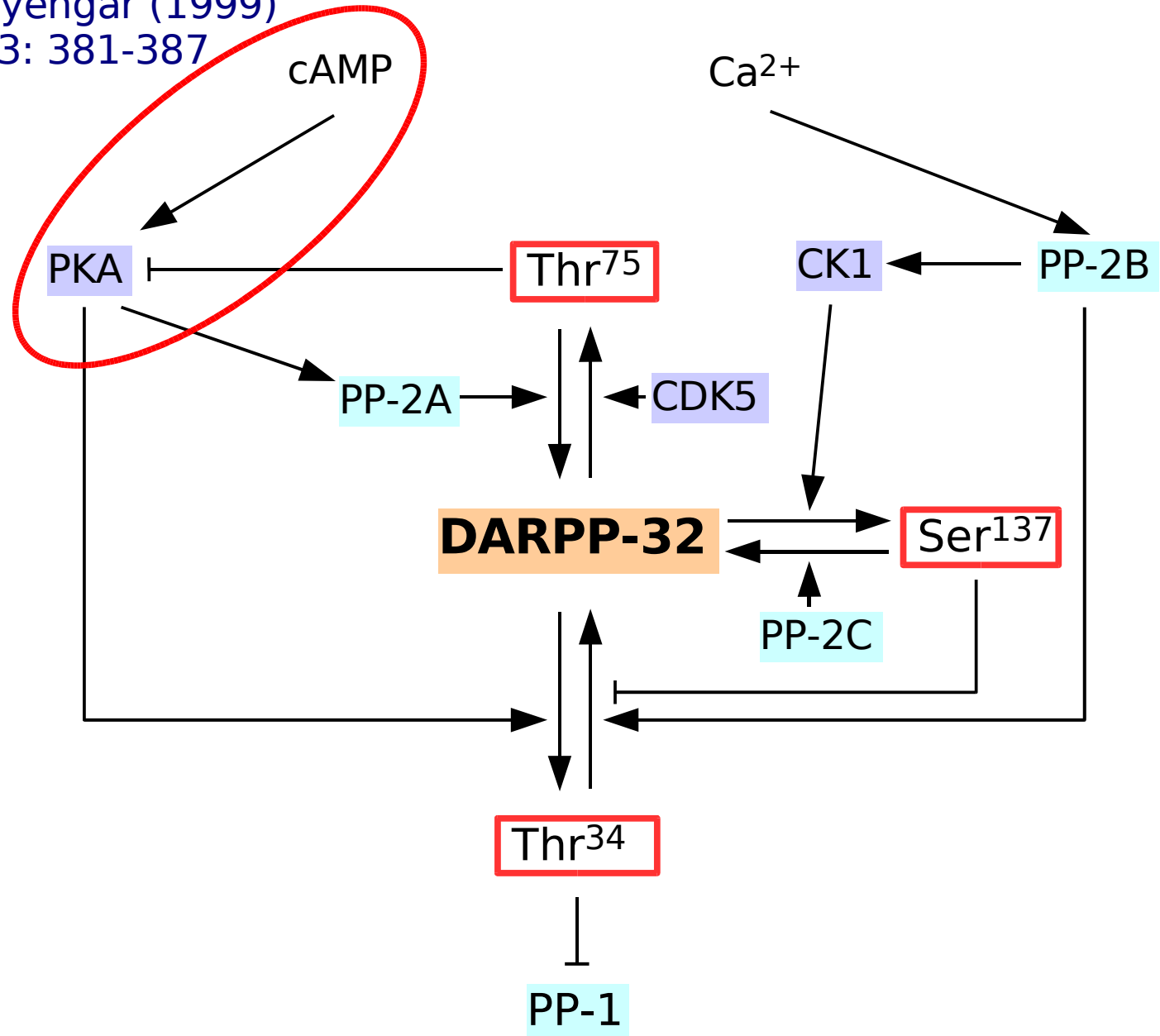


DARPP-32, a signal integrator

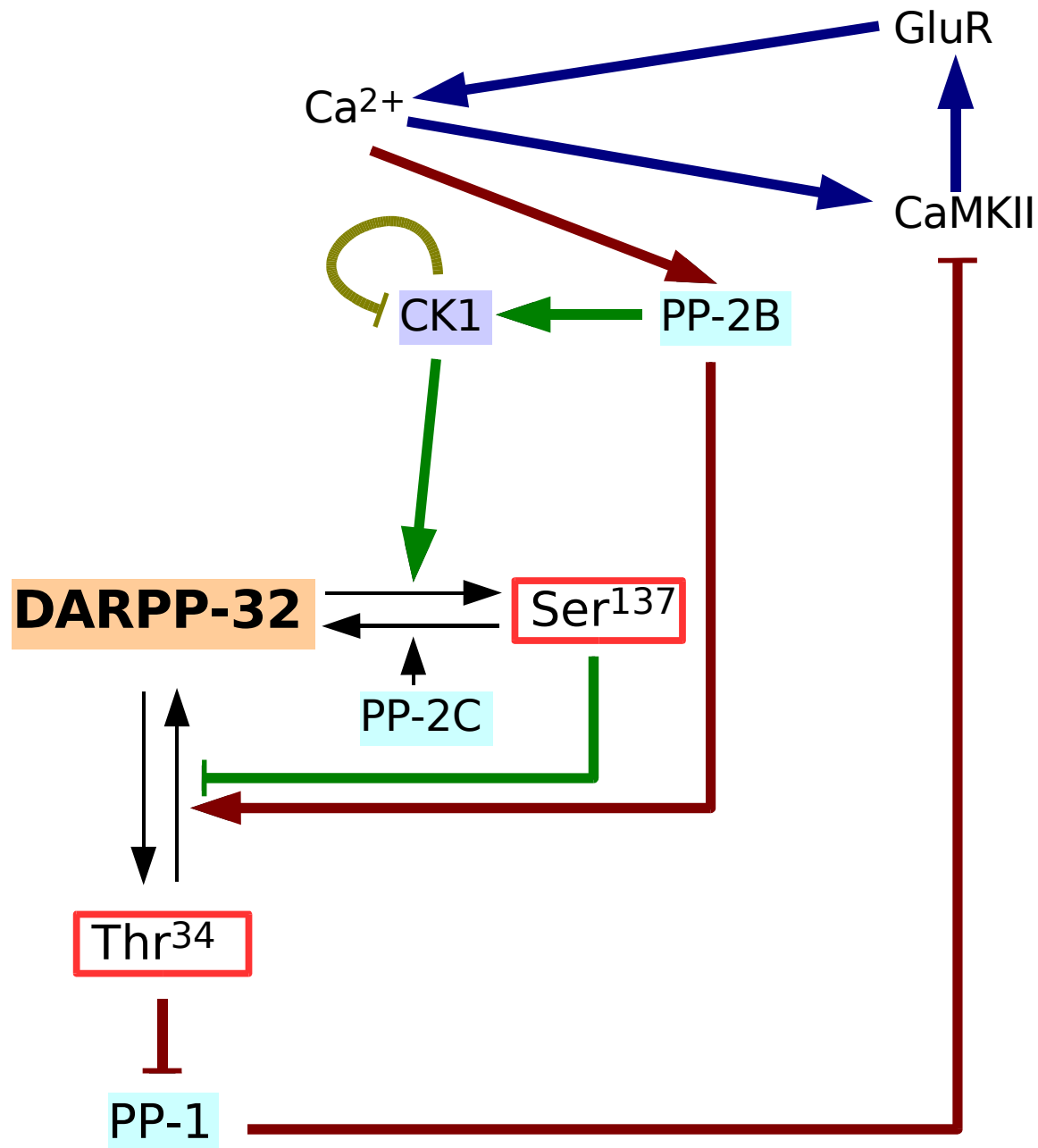


Model of DARPP-32 regulation

Bhalla and Iyengar (1999)
Science, 283: 381-387



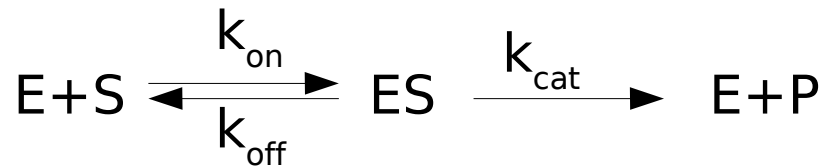
Negative loops: “russian dolls”



64 species, 121 reactions

- $D + CDK5 \rightarrow D_CDK5 \rightarrow D75 + CDK5$
- $D75 + PP2A \rightarrow D75_PP2A \rightarrow D + PP2A$
- $D75 + PP2AP \rightarrow D75_PP2AP \rightarrow D + PP2AP$
- $D137 + CDK5 \rightarrow D137_CDK5 \rightarrow D75-137 + CDK5$
- $D75-137 + PP2A \rightarrow D75-137_PP2A \rightarrow D137 + PP2A$
- $D75-137 + PP2AP \rightarrow D75-137_PP2AP \rightarrow D137 + PP2AP$
- $D34 + CDK5 \rightarrow D34_CDK5 \rightarrow D34-75 + CDK5$
- $D34-75 + PP2A \rightarrow D34-75_PP2A \rightarrow D34 + PP2A$
- $D34-75 + PP2AP \rightarrow D34-75_PP2AP \rightarrow D34 + PP2AP$
- $D34-137 + CDK5 \rightarrow D34-137_CDK5 \rightarrow D34-75-137 + CDK5$
- $D34-75-137 + PP2A \rightarrow D34-75-137_PP2A \rightarrow D34-137 + PP2A$
- $D34-75-137 + PP2AP \rightarrow D34-75-137_PP2AP \rightarrow D34-137 + PP2AP$
- $D + CK1 \rightarrow D_CK1 \rightarrow D137 + CK1$
- $D137 + PP2C \rightarrow D137_PP2C \rightarrow D + PP2C$
- $D75 + CK1 \rightarrow D75_CK1 \rightarrow D75-137 + CK1$
- $D75-137 + PP2C \rightarrow D75-137_PP2C \rightarrow D75 + PP2C$
- $D34 + CK1 \rightarrow D34_CK1 \rightarrow D34-137 + CK1$
- $D34-75 + PP2C \rightarrow D34-75_PP2C \rightarrow D75 + PP2C$
- $D34-75 + CK1 \rightarrow D34-75_CK1 \rightarrow D34-75-137 + CK1$
- $D34-75-137 + PP2C \rightarrow D34-75-137_PP2C \rightarrow D34-75 + PP2C$
- $D + PKA \rightarrow D_PKA \rightarrow D34 + PKA$
- $D34 + PP2B \rightarrow D34_PP2B \rightarrow D + PP2B$
- $D75 + PKA \rightarrow D75_PKA \rightarrow D34-75 + PKA$
- $D34-75 + PP2B \rightarrow D34-75_PP2B \rightarrow D75 + PP2B$
- $D137 + PKA \rightarrow D137_PKA \rightarrow D34-137 + PKA$
- $D75-137 + PKA \rightarrow D75-137_PKA \rightarrow D34-75-137 + PKA$
- $CK1 + CK1 \rightarrow CK1_CK1 \rightarrow CK1P + CK1$
- $CK1P + PP2B \rightarrow CK1P_PP2B \rightarrow CK1 + PP2B$
- $PP2Bi + 2Ca \rightarrow PP2Bi_Ca2$
- $PP2Bi_Ca + 2Ca \rightarrow PP2B$
- $D75 + PKA \rightarrow D75_PKA$
- $D34-75 + PKA \rightarrow D34-75_PKA$
- $D34-75-137 + PKA \rightarrow D34-75-137_PKA$
- $R2_PKA2 + cAMP \rightarrow cAMP_R2_PKA2$
- $cAMP_R2_PKA2 + cAMP \rightarrow cAMP2_R2_PKA2$
- $cAMP2_R2_PKA2 + cAMP \rightarrow cAMP3_R2_PKA2$
- $cAMP3_R2_PKA2 + cAMP \rightarrow cAMP4_R2_PKA2$
- $cAMP4_R2_PKA2 \rightarrow cAMP4_R2_PKA + PKA$
- $cAMP4_R2_PKA \rightarrow cAMP4_R2 + PKA$
- $PKA + PDE \rightarrow PKA_PDE \rightarrow PKA + PDEP$
- $cAMP + PDE \rightarrow cAMP_PDE \rightarrow AMP + PDE$
- $cAMP + PDEP \rightarrow cAMP_PDEP \rightarrow AMP + PDEP$

Ordinary Differential Equation approach



$$d[S]/dt = k_{\text{off}}[ES] - k_{\text{on}}[E][S]$$

$$d[P]/dt = k_{\text{cat}}[ES]$$

$$d[E]/dt = k_{\text{cat}}[ES]$$

$$d[ES]/dt = k_{\text{on}}[E][S] - k_{\text{off}}[ES] - k_{\text{cat}}[ES]$$

Euler method:

$$d[x]/dt \approx ([x]_{t+\Delta t} - [x]_t) / \Delta t$$

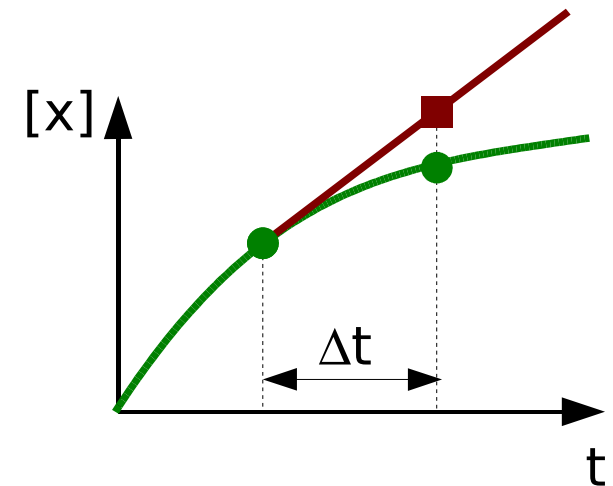
$$[x]_{t+\Delta t} \approx [x]_t + d[x]/dt \cdot \Delta t$$

$$[P]_{t+\Delta t} = [P]_t + k_{\text{cat}}[ES]_t \cdot \Delta t$$

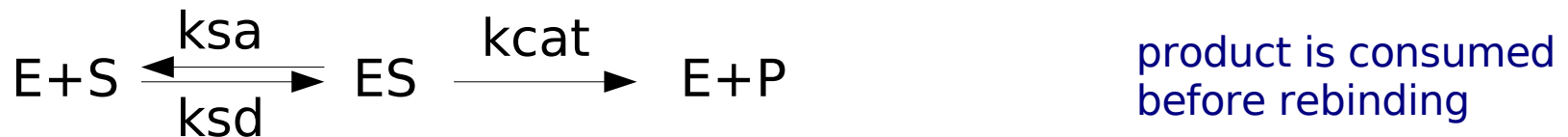
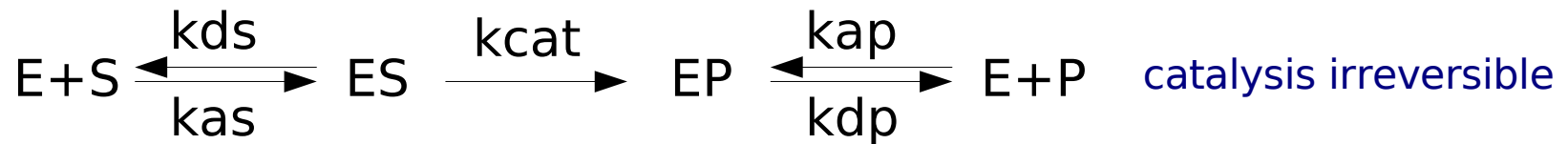
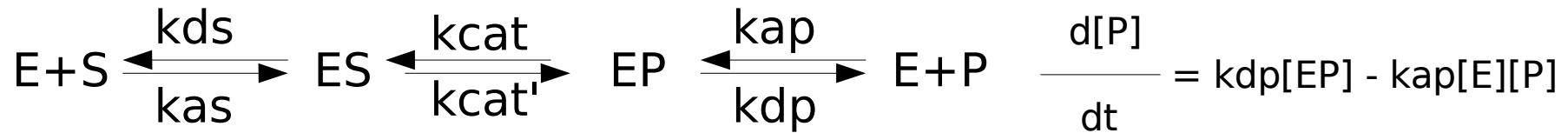
$$[E]_{t+\Delta t} = [E]_t + k_{\text{cat}}[ES]_t \cdot \Delta t$$

$$[S]_{t+\Delta t} = [S]_t + (k_{\text{off}}[ES]_t - k_{\text{on}}[E]_t[S]_t) \cdot \Delta t$$

$$[ES]_{t+\Delta t} = [S]_t + (k_{\text{on}}[E]_t[S]_t - (k_{\text{off}} + k_{\text{cat}})[ES]_t) \cdot \Delta t$$



Choose the right formalism

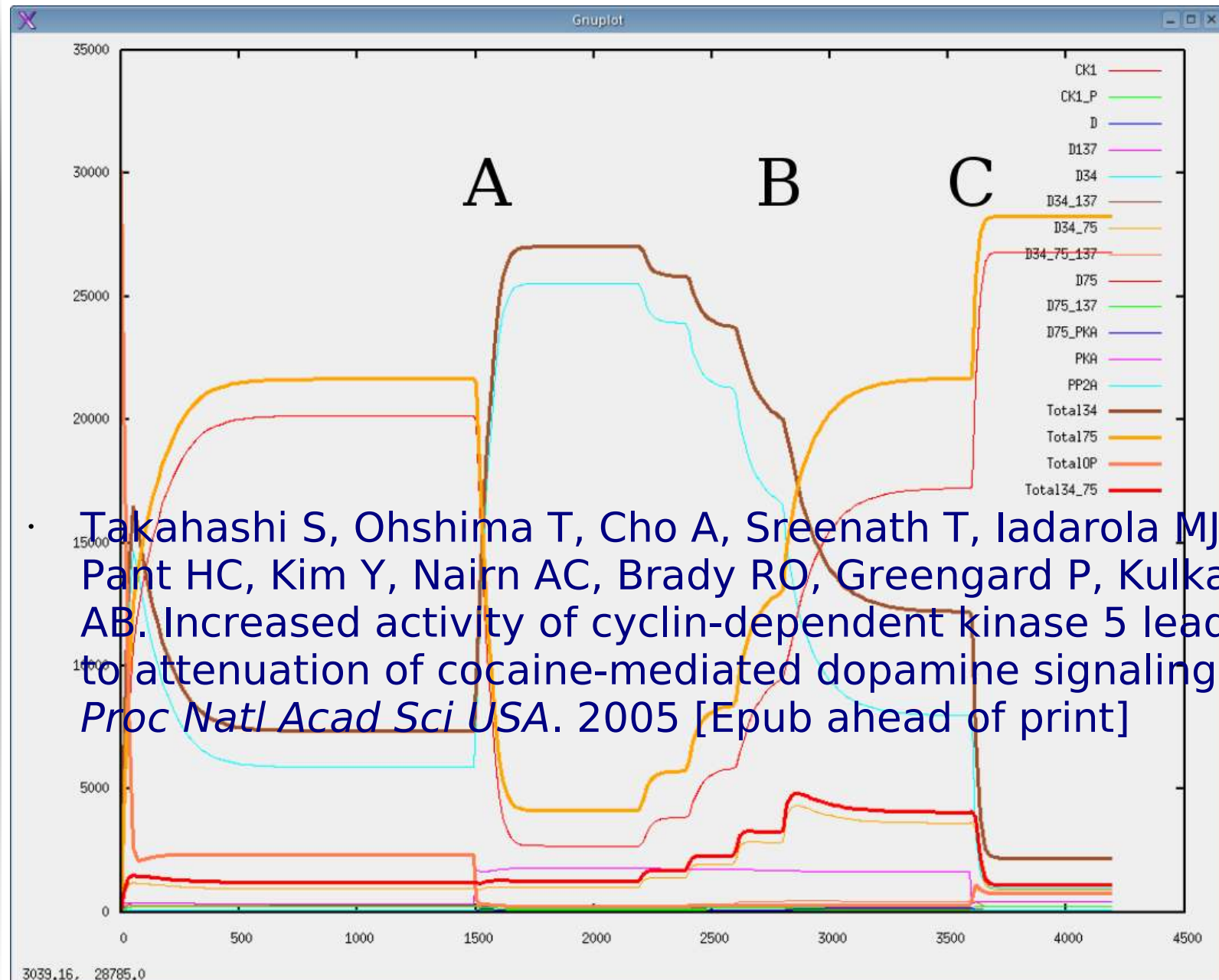


$$\frac{d[P]}{dt} = \frac{[E] k_{cat}}{1 + \frac{K_m}{[S]}}$$

Leonor Michaelis, Maud Menten (**1913**).
Die Kinetik der Intertinwirkung, Biochem. Z. 49:333-369.

G. E. Briggs and J. B. S. Haldane (**1925**)
A note on the kinetics of enzyme action, Biochem. J., 19, 339-339.





- Takahashi S, Ohshima T, Cho A, Sreenath T, Iadarola MJ, Pant HC, Kim Y, Nairn AC, Brady RO, Greengard P, Kulkarni AB. Increased activity of cyclin-dependent kinase 5 leads to attenuation of cocaine-mediated dopamine signaling. *Proc Natl Acad Sci USA*. 2005 [Epub ahead of print]

We need to reuse those mathematical models

- Non-specialists need to use models relevant for their research with simulation software without messing with their structure.
- Modeling literates need to reuse existing models rather than rewrite them from scratch.
- Various software used during the modelling process, such as graphical designers, simulation engines and plotters or renderers, should be able to communicate.
- Systems Biology Markup Language (SBML): A community maintained open XML standard to encode quantitative models of biological systems.
- MIME type application/sbml+xml
(RFC 3823 of the Internet Engineering Task Force)

SBML Systems Biology Markup Language

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The Systems Biology Markup Language (SBML) is a computer-readable format for representing **models of biochemical reaction networks**. SBML is applicable to metabolic networks, cell-signaling pathways, regulatory networks, and many others.

Internationally Supported and Widely Used

SBML has been evolving since mid-2000 through the efforts of an international group of software developers and users. Today, SBML is **supported by over 75 software systems**, including the following (where '*' indicates SBML support in development):

BALSA	Cytoscape	MATLAB SBToolbox	SBMLeditor
BASIS	DBsolve	MathSBML	SBMLR
BIOCHAM	Dizzy	MesoRD	SBMLToolbox
BioCharon	E-CELL	MetaboLogica	SBW
biocyc2SBML	ecellJ	MetaFluxNet	SClpath
BioGrid	ESS	MMT2	Sigmoid*
BioNetGen	FluxAnalyzer	Modesto	SigPath
BioPathways Explorer	Fluxor	Molecularizer	SigTran
Bio Sketch Pad	Gepasi	Monod	SIMBA
BioSPICE Dashboard	INSILICO discovery	NetBuilder	Simpathica
BioSpreadsheet	Jarnac	PANTHER Pathway	SimWiz
BioTapestry	JDesigner	PathArt	SmartCell
BioUML	JigCell	PathScout	StochSim
BSTLab	JSIM	Pathway Tools	STOCKS
CADLIVE	JWS*	Pathway Builder	TERANODE Suite
CellDesigner	Karyote*	PaVESy	Trelis
Cellerator	KEGG2SBML	Reactome	Virtual Cell
Cellware	Kinsolver*	ProcessDB*	WinSCAMP
CL-SBML	libSBML	PySCeS*	
COPASI	LION Target Engine	SBML ODE Solver	

A Free and Open Language

Advances in biotechnology are leading to larger, more complex quantitative models. The systems biology community needs information standards if models are to be shared, evaluated and developed cooperatively. SBML's widespread adoption **offers many benefits**, including: (1) enabling the use of multiple tools without rewriting models for each tool, (2) enabling models to be shared and published in a form other researchers can use even in a different software environment, and (3) ensuring the survival of models (and the intellectual effort put into them) beyond the lifetime of the software used to create them.

Does Your Software Support SBML?

MATLAB SBToolbox

(March 15, 2005) Henning Schmidt at the Fraunhofer-Chalmers Research Centre in Sweden has created a new **Systems Biology Toolbox for MATLAB**.

[read more](#)

SBMLeditor

(March 4, 2005) A new low-level editor, **SBMLeditor**, has been released by Nicolas Le Novère's group at the EBI.

[read more](#)

Teranode Design Suite 2.5

(Feb 2, 2005) Teranode has updated their **Design Suite** with powerful new features including KEGG and MATLAB support.

[read more](#)

Recent presentations & posters

(Jan 20, 2005) We've added a number of recent presentations and posters to the SBML.org documents page.

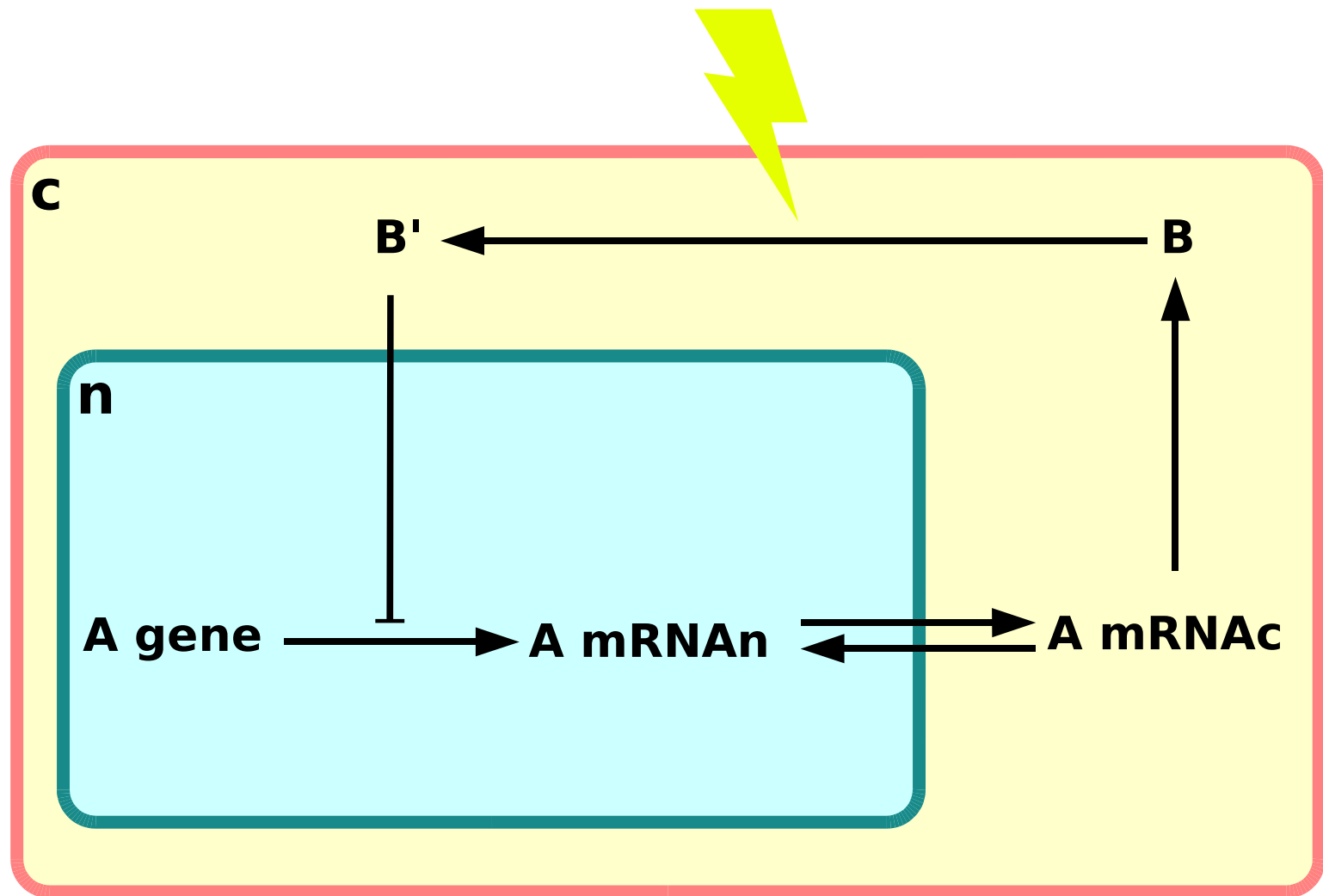
[read more](#)

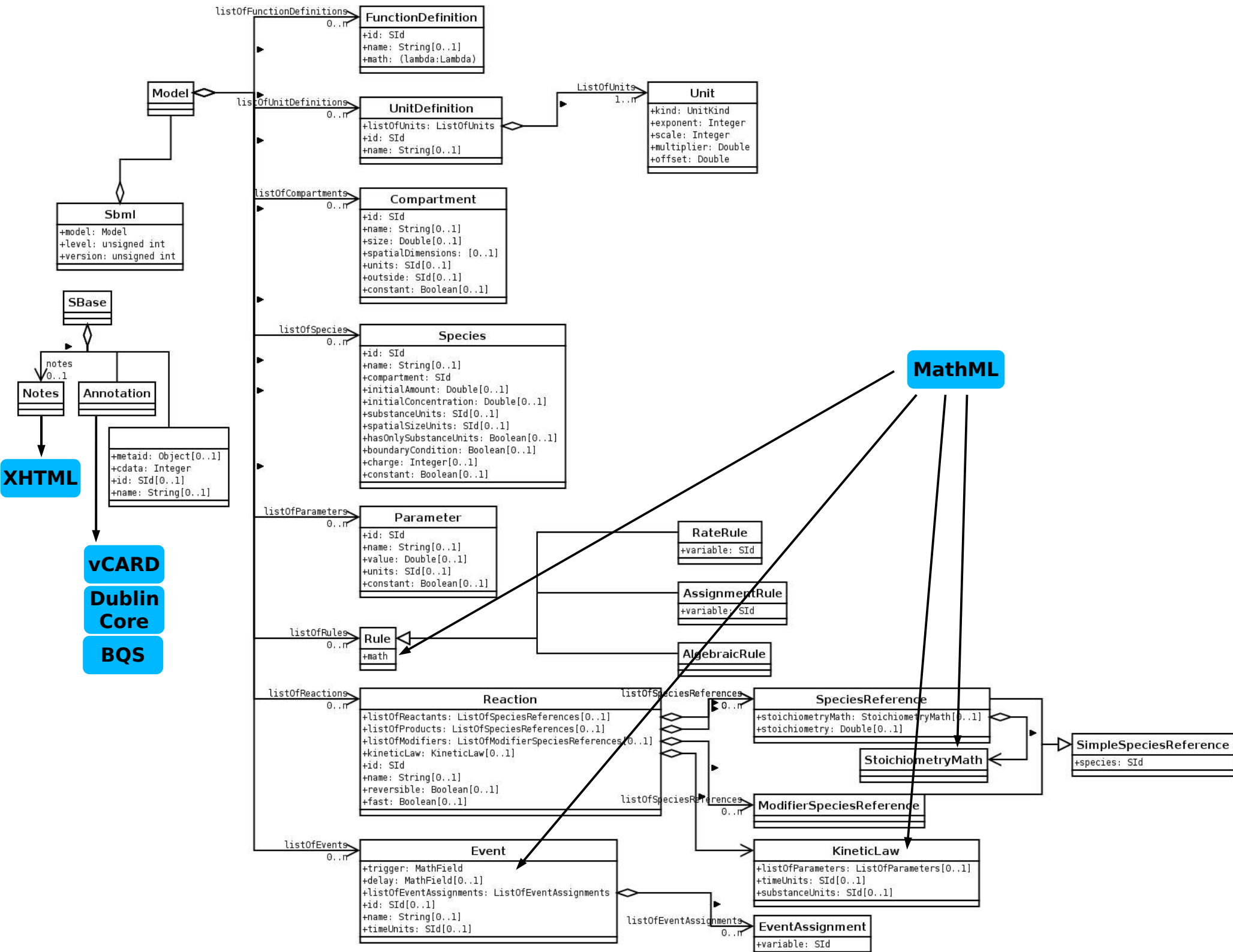
Announcement: SIMBA

(Jan 5, 2005) **SIMBA** is a package from *ifak system GmbH* designed for dynamical simulation of wastewater treatment. At ICSE 2004, they announced support for SBML.

[read more](#)

[See older news items.](#)





```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>  
<sbml level="2" version="1" xmlns="http://www.sbml.org/sbml/level2">
```

```
</sbml>
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>  
<sbml level="2" version="1" xmlns="http://www.sbml.org/sbml/level2">  
  <model>  
    <listOfCompartments>  
      <compartment id="cell" />  
    </listOfCompartments>
```

```
</model>  
</sbml>
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<sbml level="2" version="1" xmlns="http://www.sbml.org/sbml/level2">
  <model>
    <listOfCompartments>
      <compartment id="cell" />
    </listOfCompartments>
    <listOfSpecies>
      <species id="A" compartment="cell" initialConcentration="1"/>
      <species id="B" compartment="cell" initialConcentration="0"/>
    </listOfSpecies>
```

```
</model>
</sbml>
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<sbml level="2" version="1" xmlns="http://www.sbml.org/sbml/level2">
  <model>
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    </listOfCompartments>
    <listOfSpecies>
      <species id="A" compartment="cell" initialConcentration="1"/>
      <species id="B" compartment="cell" initialConcentration="0"/>
    </listOfSpecies>
    <listOfParameters>
      <parameter id="kon" value="1"/>
    </listOfParameters>
```

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</model>
</sbml>
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<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
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    </listOfCompartments>
    <listOfSpecies>
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      <species id="B" compartment="cell" initialConcentration="0"/>
    </listOfSpecies>
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    </listOfParameters>
    <listOfReactions>
      <reaction>

        </reaction>
      </listOfReactions>
    </model>
  </sbml>
```

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<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
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    </listOfCompartments>
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    </listOfSpecies>
    <listOfParameters>
      <parameter id="kon" value="1"/>
    </listOfParameters>
    <listOfReactions>
      <reaction>
        <listOfReactants>
          <speciesReference species="A" />
        </listOfReactants>

        </reaction>
      </listOfReactions>
    </model>
  </sbml>
```

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<sbml level="2" version="1" xmlns="http://www.sbml.org/sbml/level2">
  <model>
    <listOfCompartments>
      <compartment id="cell" />
    </listOfCompartments>
    <listOfSpecies>
      <species id="A" compartment="cell" initialConcentration="1"/>
      <species id="B" compartment="cell" initialConcentration="0"/>
    </listOfSpecies>
    <listOfParameters>
      <parameter id="kon" value="1"/>
    </listOfParameters>
    <listOfReactions>
      <reaction>
        <listOfReactants>
          <speciesReference species="A" />
        </listOfReactants>
        <listOfProducts>
          <speciesReference species="B" />
        </listOfProducts>
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</sbml>
```

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<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<sbml level="2" version="1" xmlns="http://www.sbml.org/sbml/level2">
  <model>
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    <listOfSpecies>
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    <listOfParameters>
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    </listOfParameters>
    <listOfReactions>
      <reaction>
        <listOfReactants>
          <speciesReference species="A" />
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        <listOfProducts>
          <speciesReference species="B" />
        </listOfProducts>
        <kineticLaw>
          <math xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1998/Math/MathML">
            <apply>
              <times />
              <ci>kon</ci>
              <ci>A</ci>
              <ci>cell</ci>
            </apply>
          </math>
        </kineticLaw>
      </reaction>
    </listOfReactions>
  </model>
</sbml>
```

```
<species
  id="A"
  name="a-tubulin"
  compartment="cell"
  initialAmount="1000"
  substanceUnits="item"
  hasOnlySubstanceUnits="true"
  boundaryCondition="true"
  constant="false"
  charge="0">
<notes>
  <body xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
    <p>One of the components of microtubule</p>
  </body>
</notes>
<annotation>
  <rdf:RDF
    xmlns:dc="http://purl.org/dc/elements/1.1/"
    xmlns:dcterms="http://purl.org/dc/terms/"
    xmlns:rdf="http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#">
    <rdf:Description rdf:about="#PX">
      <dc:relation>
        <rdf:Bag>
          <rdf:li rdf:resource="http://www.uniprot.org/#P68370"/>
          <rdf:li rdf:resource="http://www.geneontology.org/#0045298"/>
        </rdf:Bag>
      </dc:relation>
    </rdf:Description>
  </rdf:RDF>
</annotation>
</species>
```

- **Level 1 (March 2001)**

- Predefined kinetics functions
- One type of reactive substance
- ISO646 encoding

Hucka et al (2003)
Bioinformatics 19: 524-531

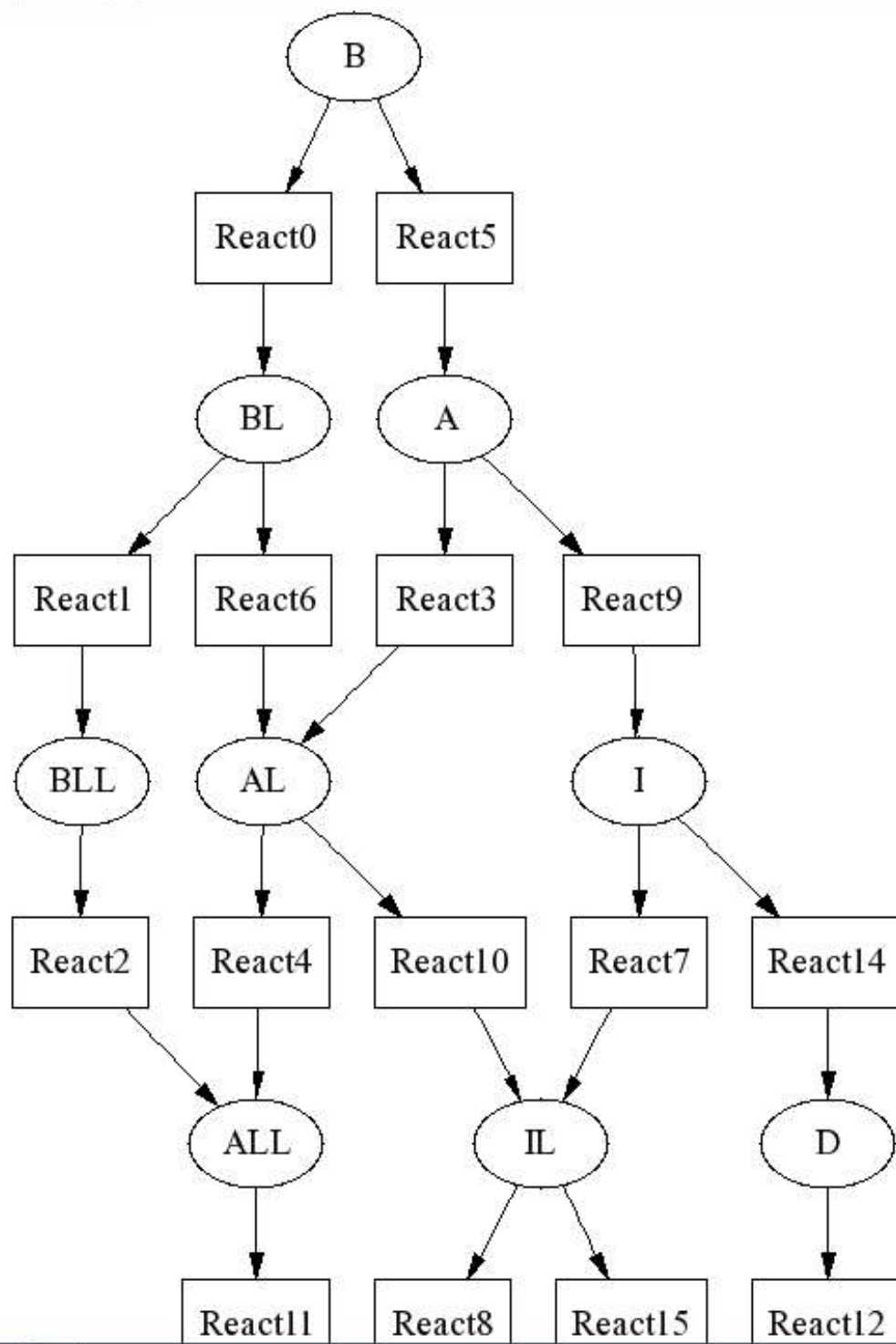
- **Level 2 (June 2003)**

- Function definitions
- Modifier species
- Events
- All math in MathML
- Unicode encoding

Hucka et al (2004)
IEEE Systems Biology 1: 41-53

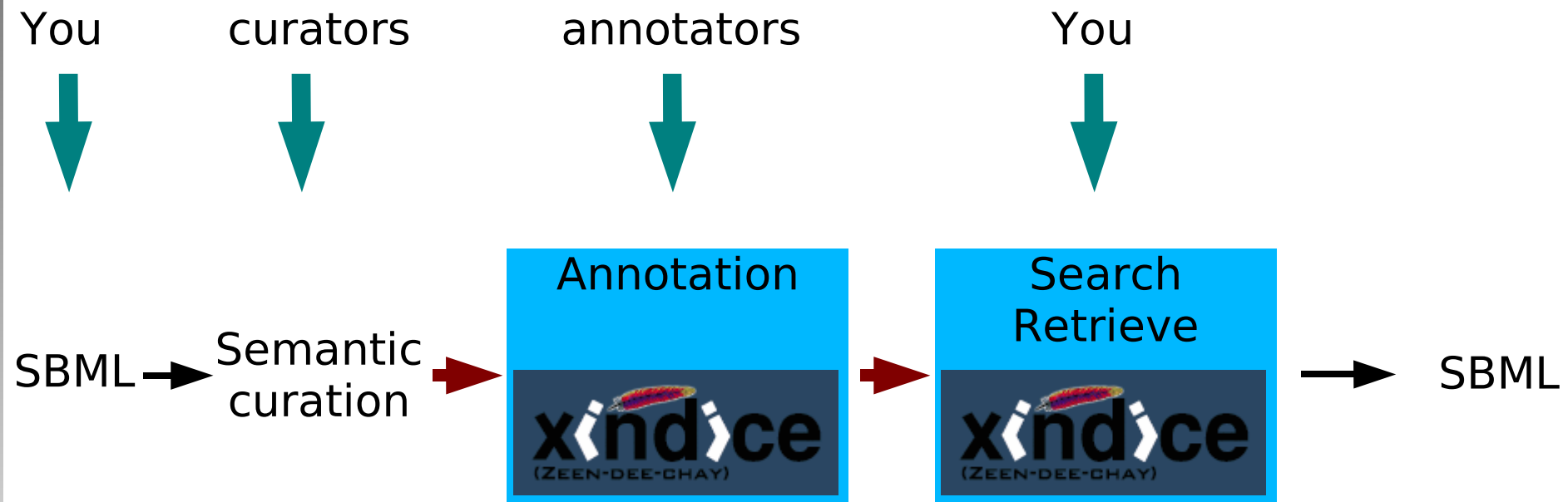
- **Level 3 (?)**

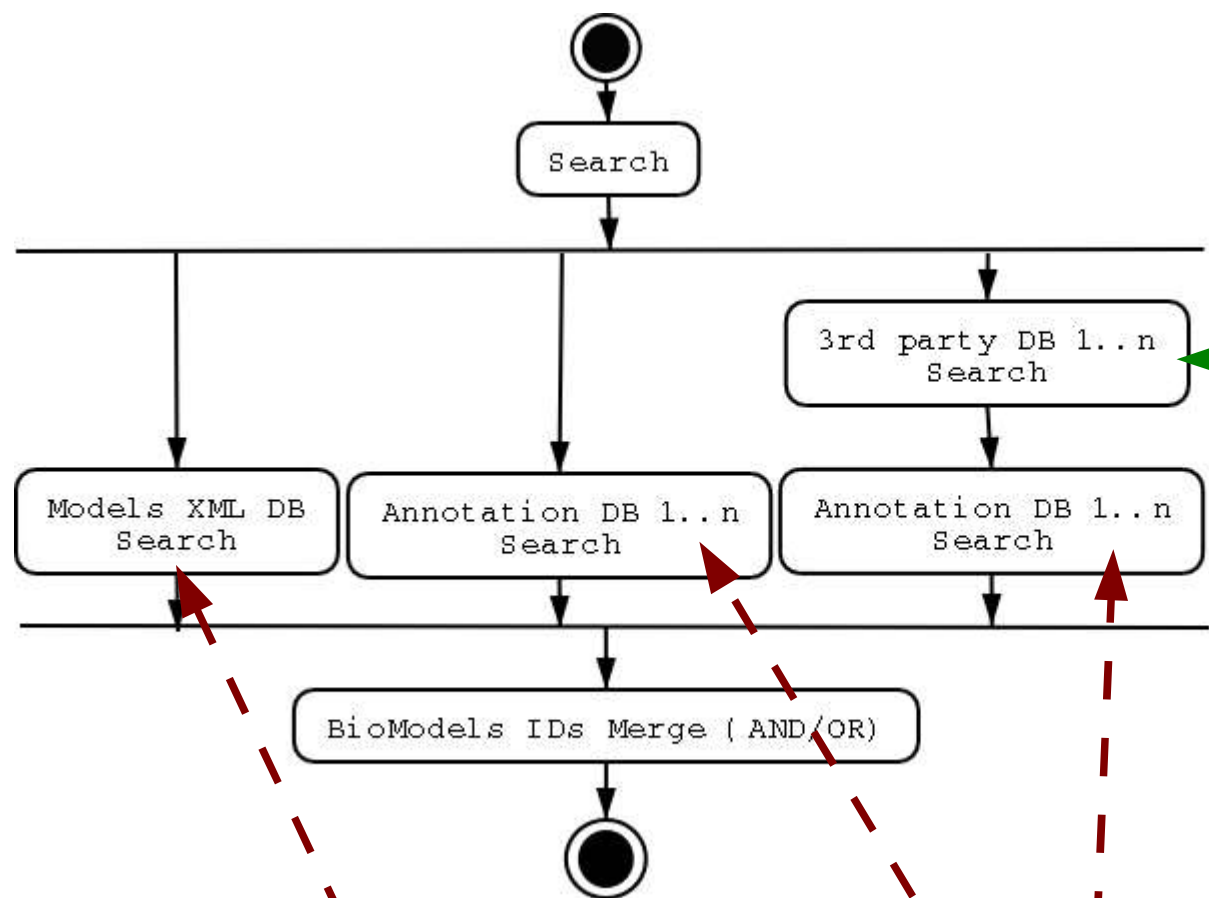
- Modular SBML (“packages”)
- Graph layout
- Multi-component species
- Model composition
- Arrays of elements

No, it isn't!

- Bench biologists need to find models relevant for their research.
- Modellers need to reuse existing models, or portions of models, rather than rewrite them from scratch. Model composition on a large scale will be possible only if we have such a model “shopping cart”.
- But ...
 - No true database of models, only repositories, sometimes with side information.
 - Poor quality control on the models available online (JWS excepted).
 - No annotation of models: reactants are A,B,C, reactions 1, 2, 3 etc.
 - Lack of standards on production, curation and annotation of models.
- ⇒ Biomodels.net: collaboration between Caltech, EMBL-EBI, SBI, JWS etc. etc.
 - MIRIAM:
Minimum Information Requested In the Annotation of Models
 - Controlled vocabularies:
 - Parameters: K_d , K_a , K_p , IC_{50} ARE DIFFERENT!
 - “Michaelis-Menten”, “Mass Action Law” etc.
 - Biomodels database, a database of “Systems Biology Models”

model	Submitter, Creators, publication, Gene Ontology, KEGG pathway, OMIM, Reactome, Taxonomy
compartment	Gene Ontology
species	ChEBI, Ensembl, Gene Ontology, InterPro, KEGG compound, OMIM, Taxonomy, UniProt
rule	BIND, EC code, Gene Ontology, IntAct, KEGG pathway, KEGG Reaction, Reactome
reaction	BIND, EC code, Gene Ontology, IntAct, KEGG pathway, KEGG Reaction, Reactome
event	BIND, EC code, Gene Ontology, IntAct, KEGG pathway, KEGG Reaction, Reactome





GO Oracle database
PubMed webservices

Xpath: `//sbml:*[contains(@id,'TEXT')]`
`| //sbml:*[contains(@name,'TEXT')]`
`| //xhtml:*[contains(text(),'TEXT')]`

`//dc:relation//ref:li[contains(@rdf:resource,'URI')`
`and contains(@rdf:resource,'ID')]`

BIOMODELS.NET

BioModels Database

Submit Your Model

BioModels Annotation

- Browse
- Search
- Submit
- Replace
- Delete
- Annotate

Contact



Search Models

You can search BioModels Annotation for models using one or more of the following criteria:

- *BioModels ID* → Search BioModels Annotation for BioModels identifiers, for example *BIOMD0000000003*, *00003* or *3*.
- *Person* → Search BioModels Annotation for submitter and/or creator names, for example *Nicolas Le Novère*, *Nicolas*, *Bruce Shapiro* or *Shapiro*.
- *SBML Elements* → Search BioModels Annotation for SBML elements by either name or *notes* content, for example *Edelstein* or *nicotinic*.
- *Resource* → Search BioModels Annotation for related information found in third-party resources by either resource identifier or text, for example *9256450* or *cyclin* for [PubMed](#), *GO:0007049* or *cell cycle* for [Gene Ontology](#).
- *Resource ID* → Search BioModels Annotation for annotations with third-party resource identifiers, for example *CHEBI:15422* or *15422* for [ChEBI](#), *68910* or *69278* for [Reactome](#), *P04551* or *4551* for [UniProt](#).

For each criteria, the search operates on a *contains the entered string basis*, case-insensitive. That is, searching *Person* for *Shapi* or *shapi* will return the same results as searching for *Shapiro* or *shapiro*. In addition, since search strings are treated as words, do not enter regular expressions.

Multiple criteria can be combined with either *and* or *or*. If *and* is selected, only those models satisfying all the criteria will be returned. If instead *or* is selected, all the models satisfying at least one of the criteria will be returned.

BioModels ID:

Person:

SBML Elements:

Resource:

Resource:

Resource:

Resource ID:

Resource ID:

Resource ID:

 Compose by: ☒ and ☐ or[Top](#)

Last modification: Fri Mar 11 14:43:17 GMT 2005

[Contact](#)

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Submit Your Model

BioModels Annotation

- Browse
- Search
- Submit
- Replace
- Delete
- Annotate

Contact

**Search** **Models**The search returned **6** models.[New Search](#)

<u>BioModels ID</u>	<u>Name</u>	<u>PubMed Id</u>	<u>Last Modified</u>	
BIOMD0000000003	Goldbeter1991_MinMitOscil	1833774	2005-03-23T16:36:25	SBML
BIOMD0000000004	Goldbeter1991_MinMitOscil_ExplInact	1833774	2005-03-23T16:39:59	SBML
BIOMD0000000005	Tyson1991_CellCycle_6var	1831270	2005-03-23T16:42:49	SBML
BIOMD0000000006	Tyson1991_CellCycle_2var	1831270	2005-03-21T17:41:01	SBML
BIOMD0000000007	Novak1997_CellCycle_13var	9256450	2005-03-23T17:07:12	SBML
BIOMD0000000008	Gardner1998_CellCycle_Goldbeter	9826676	2005-03-23T17:09:08	SBML

[New Search](#)[Top](#)

Last modification: Fri Mar 11 14:43:17 GMT 2005

[Contact](#)

BIOMODELS.NET

BioModels Database

Submit Your Model

BioModels Annotation

- Browse
- Search
- Submit
- Replace
- Annotate

Terms of Use

Contact



BIOMD0000000007 Novak1997_CellCycle_13var

Download SBML

Reference Publication	
PubMed ID: 9256450	Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 1997 Aug 19;94(17):9147-52. Modeling the control of DNA replication in fission yeast. Novak B, Tyson JJ.
Model	
Submitter: Nicolas Le Novère	Gene Ontology GO:0000278 GO:0007049
Submission Date: 2005-02-09T13:27:02	KEGG Pathway sce04110
Last Modification Date: 2005-04-01T23:58:07	Taxonomy 4896
Creators: Bruce Shapiro	Reactome 69278
	
Compartments (1)	
Species (14)	
Reactions (33)	
Reaction1 Reactants: EmptySet Products: mass Modifiers:	
Reaction2 Reactants: EmptySet Products: G2K Modifiers:	Reactome 68910 69282
Reaction3 Reactants: G2K Products: EmptySet	Gene Ontology GO:0008054

Novak and Tyson Cell Cycle Model (1997)

Citation

Novak B, tyson JJ (1997) Modeling the control of DNA replication in fission yeast, PNAS, USA, 94:9147-9152. <http://www.pnas.org/cgi/content/abstract/94/17/9147>

Description

A cell cycle model with 13 dynamic variables (Cdc25, G1K, G1R=[Cig2/Cdc2/Rum1], G2K=[Cdc13/Cdc2], G2R=[Cdc13/Cdc2/Rum1], IE=[Intermediary enzyme], mass, PG2=[Cdc13/P-Cdc2], PG2R=[Cdc13/P-Cdc2/Rum1], R=[Rum1], UbE, UbE2, Wee1} and two auxillary variables MPF = G2K + beta*PG2, SPF=MPF+alpha*G1K+Cig1, (alpha, beta, Cig1 constants). NOTE: The following switches in the published model are NOT described by the SBML: "Switches(i) When SPF crosses 0.1 from below, S phase is initiated (Start).(ii) When UbE crosses 0.1 from above, the cell divides functionally (mass->mass/2), although visible cytokinesis may be delayed.(iii) 60 min after Start,kp is divided by 2, and at cell division kp is multiplied by 2." (from Table 1 of the cited reference).

Rate constant

0
0.00175
0.00495*mass[t]
0.0075*(1 - UbE[t]) + 0.25*UbE[t]
0.0075*(1 - UbE[t]) + 0.25*UbE[t]
0.015
0.025*(1 - Cdc25[t]) + 0.5*Cdc25[t]
0.035*(1 - Wee1[t]) + 0.35*Wee1[t]
0.0375*(1 - UbE2[t]) + 7.5*UbE2[t]
0.05 + 0.0075*(1 - UbE[t]) + 0.25*UbE[t]
0.05 + 0.0075*(1 - UbE[t]) + 0.25*UbE[t]
0.09375
0.1
0.1
0.1

Reaction

G1R -> R
EmptySet -> G1K
EmptySet -> mass
G2K -> EmptySet
PG2 -> EmptySet
EmptySet -> G2K
PG2 -> G2K
G2K -> PG2
G1K -> EmptySet
G2R -> R
PG2R -> R
EmptySet -> R
G1R -> G1K + R
G2R -> G2K + R
PG2R -> PG2 + R
G1R -> G1K

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BIOMD0000000007 Novak1997_CellCycle_13var

[Download SBML](#)**Reference Publication****PubMed ID:** [9256450](#)

Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 1997 Aug 19;94(17):9147-52.
Modeling the control of DNA replication in fission yeast.
Novak B, Tyson JJ.

Model**Submitter:** [Nicolas Le Novère](#)**Gene Ontology** [GO:0000278](#) [GO:0007049](#)**Submission Date:** 2005-02-09T13:27:02**KEGG Pathway** [sce04110](#)**Last Modification Date:** 2005-04-01T23:58:07**Taxonomy** [4896](#)**Creators:** [Bruce Shapiro](#)**Reactome** [69278](#)**Compartments (1)****Species (14)****Reactions (33)****Reaction1**Reactants: [EmptySet](#)Products: [mass](#)

Modifiers:

Reaction2Reactants: [EmptySet](#)Products: [G2K](#)

Modifiers:

Reactome [68910](#) [69282](#)**Reaction3**Reactants: [G2K](#)Products: [EmptySet](#)**Gene Ontology** [GO:0008054](#)

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☐ 1: Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 1997 Aug 19;94(17):9147-52. [Related Articles, Links](#)

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Modeling the control of DNA replication in fission yeast.

Novak B, Tyson JJ.

Department of Agricultural Chemical Technology, Technical University of Budapest, 1521 Budapest, St. Gellert ter 4, Hungary.

A central event in the eukaryotic cell cycle is the decision to commence DNA replication (S phase). Strict controls normally operate to prevent repeated rounds of DNA replication without intervening mitoses ("endoreplication") or initiation of mitosis before DNA is fully replicated ("mitotic catastrophe"). Some of the genetic interactions involved in these controls have recently been identified in yeast. From this evidence we propose a molecular mechanism of "Start" control in *Schizosaccharomyces pombe*. Using established principles of biochemical kinetics, we compare the properties of this model in detail with the observed behavior of various mutant strains of fission yeast: *wee1*(-) (size control at Start), *cdc13Delta* and *rum1*(OP) (endoreplication), and *wee1*(-) *rum1*Delta (rapid division cycles of diminishing cell size). We discuss essential features of the mechanism that are responsible for characteristic properties of Start control in fission yeast, to expose our proposal to crucial experimental tests.

PMID: 9256450 [PubMed - indexed for MEDLINE]

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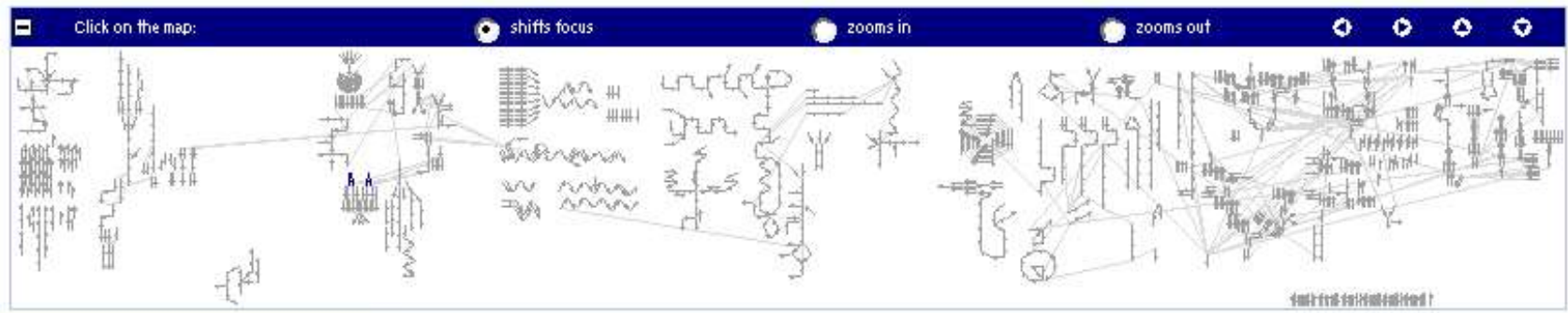
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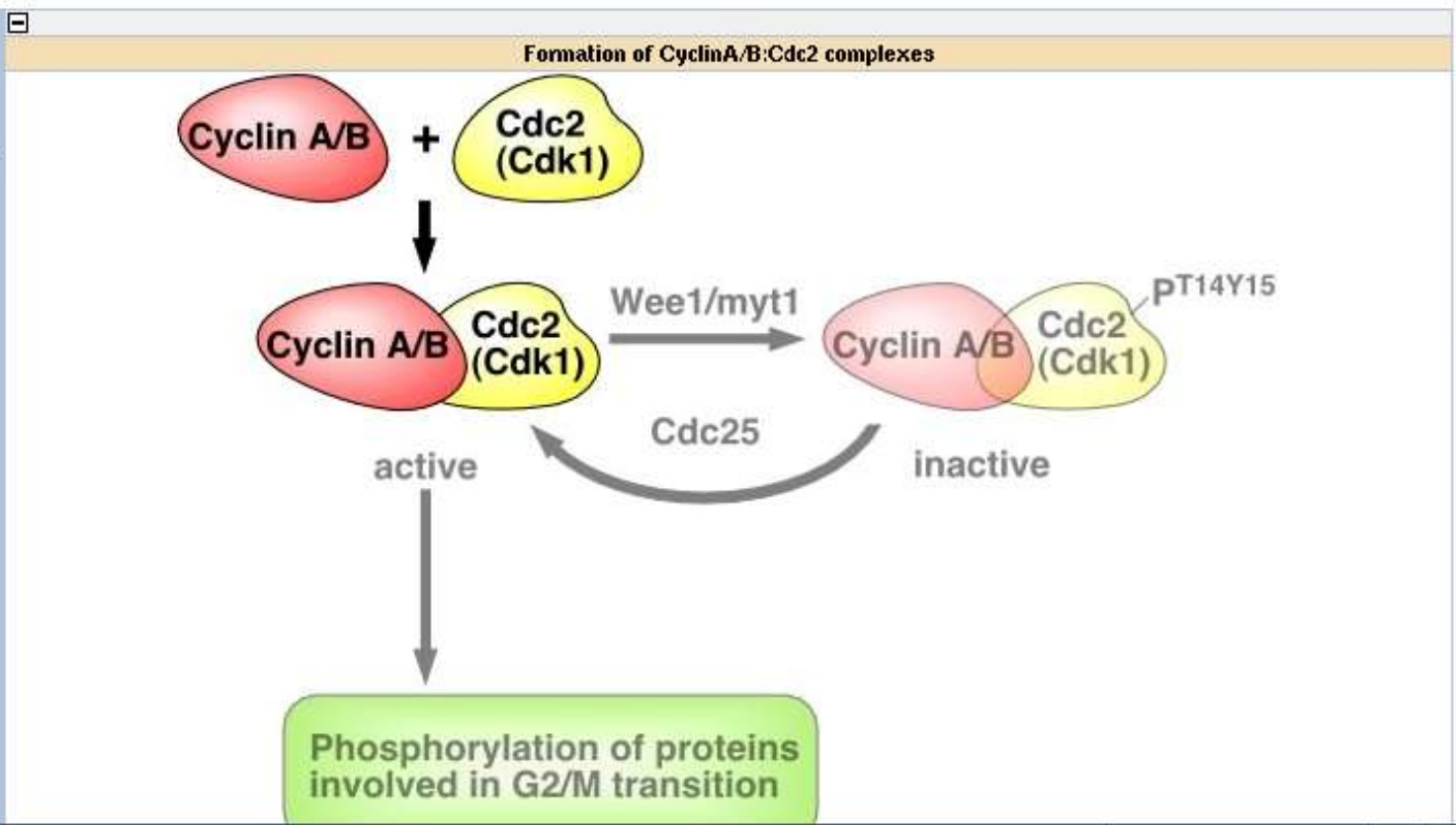
Reference Publication		
PubMed ID: 9256450	Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 1997 Aug 19;94(17):9147-52. Modeling the control of DNA replication in fission yeast. Novak B, Tyson JJ.	
Model		
Submitter: Nicolas Le Novère	Gene Ontology	GO:0000278 GO:0007049
Submission Date: 2005-02-09T13:27:02	KEGG Pathway	sce04110
Last Modification Date: 2005-04-01T23:58:07	Taxonomy	4896
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	Reactome	68910 69282
	Gene Ontology	GO:0008054



[Reactome Home]

- + Cell Cycle, Mitotic
 - + G2/M Transition
 - + Cyclin A/B associated events during G2/M transition
 - **Formation of CyclinA/B:Cdc2 complexes** (Homo sapiens)
 - Formation of Cyclin B2:Cdc2 complexes
 - Formation of Cyclin B1:Cdc2 complexes
 - Formation of Cyclin A2:Cdc2 complexes
 - Formation of Cyclin A1:Cdc2 complexes

Show hierarchy types



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Novak B, Tyson JJ.

Model

Submitter: [Nicolas Le Novère](#)[Gene Ontology](#) [GO:0000278](#) [GO:0007049](#)

Submission Date: 2005-02-09T13:27:02

[KEGG Pathway](#) [sce04110](#)

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[Taxonomy](#) [4896](#)Creators: [Bruce Shapiro](#)[Reactome](#) [69278](#)

Compartments (1)

Species (14)

Reactions (33)

Reaction1

Reactants: [EmptySet](#)Products: [mass](#)

Modifiers:

Reaction2

Reactants: [EmptySet](#)Products: [G2K](#)

Modifiers:

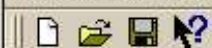
[Reactome](#) [68910](#) [69282](#)

Reaction3

Reactants: [G2K](#)Products: [EmptySet](#)[Gene Ontology](#) [GO:0008054](#)

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        <dc:relation>
          <rdf:Bag>
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        <apply>
          <plus/>
          <apply>
            <times/>
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            <apply>
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              <cn type="integer"> 1 </cn>
              <ci> Weel </ci>
            </apply>
          </apply>
        </apply>
      </math>
```



Copasi

Model

Tasks

Steady-State

Stoichiometry

Time Course

Result

Metabolic Control Analysis

Output

Plots

ConcentrationPlot

Reports

Functions

Task Name

Trajectory Task

☐ Task Executable

Start Time

0

End Time

400

Interval size

4

Intervals

100

☒ store time series in memory

Method

Deterministic (LSODA)

Parameter value

Value

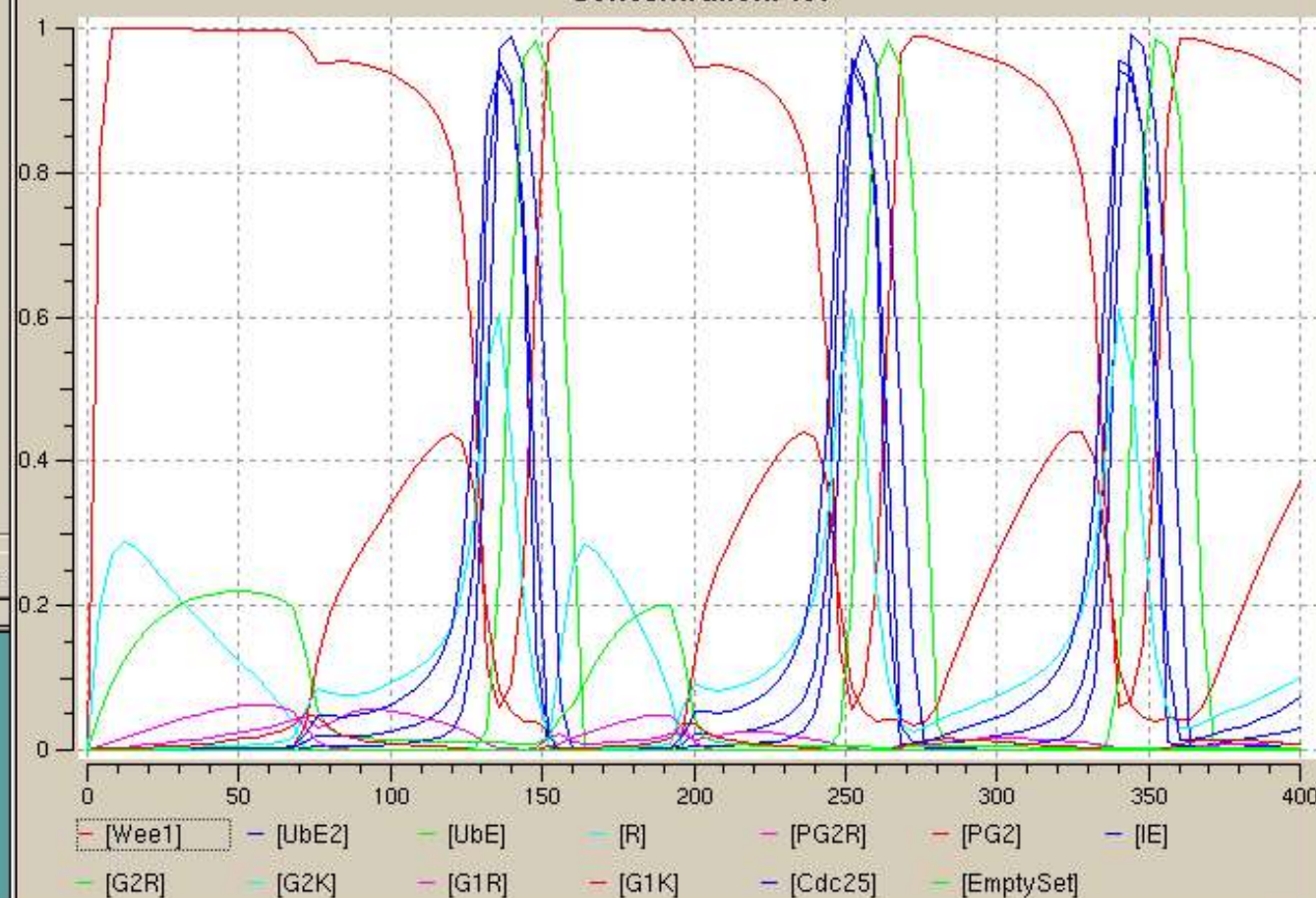
LSODA.RelativeTolerance

1e-06

COPASI Plot: ConcentrationPlot

Zoom Print

ConcentrationPlot

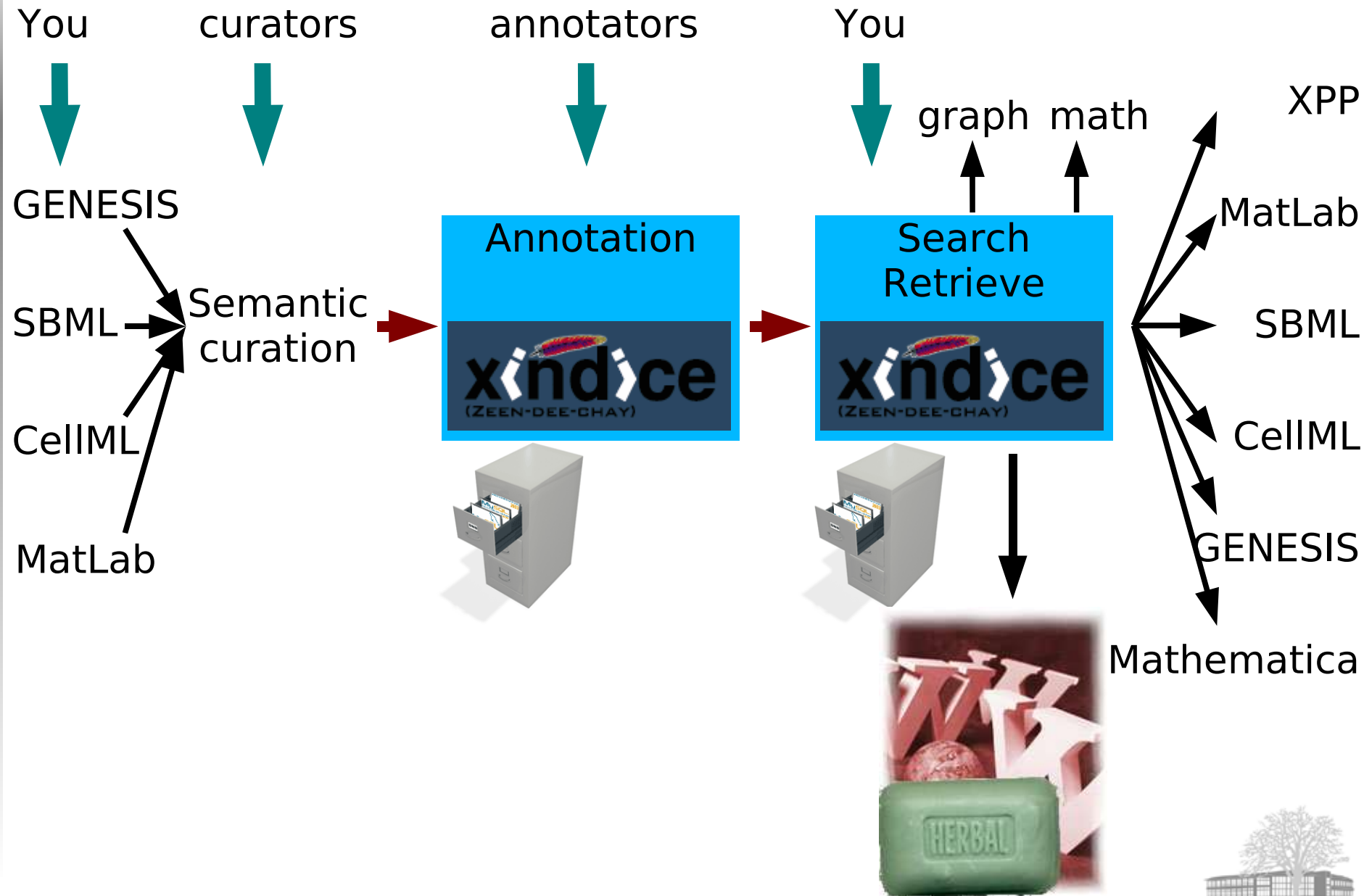


```
PlotItem_0
** compiling a CModel is requested.
PlotItem_0
** compiling a CModel is requested.
PlotItem_0
** compiling a CModel is requested.
PlotItem_0
** compiling a CModel is requested.
PlotItem_0
```

Bottleneck: Few models are directly usable

- syntactically wrong (incorrect SBML)
 - typos in the elements and attributes
 - invalid default: e.g. “constant” parameter fixed by a rule
- semantically wrong (correct SBML but make no sense)
 - wrong species: misunderstanding of “constant” and “boundaryCondition”
 - wrong initialconditions: everything zeroed, would not start
 - wrong reaction: the rate law produces concentrations rather than amounts
- bad correspondance with the article
 - wrong units: built-in are not redefined, resulting in M instead of μM
 - wrong compartments: only one compartment represents nucleus+cytoplasm
 - wrong formalism: Michaelis-Menten instead of elementary reactions
 - everything is fine but does not produce the same results than in paper ...

- 21 models [20]
- 383 species (0 – 86) [607]
- 689 reactions (0 – 300) [539]
- 1047 annotations
- Cell Cycle: 6 [1]
- MAPK cascade: 5 [4]
- Circadian clock: 2 [6]
- JWS online: 33 models
- CellML repository: 306 models
- DOQCS: 195 “pathways”



SBML development

- Michael Hucka
- Andrew Finney
- Herbert Sauro
- Hamid Bolouri
- Ben Bornstein
- Nicolas Le Novère
- Pedro Mendes
- Martin Ginkel
- Kouichi Takahashi
- Takeshi Sakurada
- Jim Schaff
- John Wagner
- Jorg Stelling
- Poul Nielsen
- Hiroaki Kitano
- Bruce Shapiro
- Eric Mjolness
- Victoria Gor
- Jonathan Webb
- Igor Goryanin
- Jorg Weimar
- Stefan Hoops
- Akira Funahashi
- Sven Sahle
- Ralf Gauges
- Hugh Spencer
- Wayne Rindone
- Fabien Campagne
- Maria Schilstra
- Vijay Saraswat
- Ed Frank
- Ben Kovitz
- Jeremy Zucker
- ...
- ...

BioModel.net

- EBI
 - Nicolas Le Novère
 - Marco Donizelli
 - Alexander Broicher
 - SBML team
 - Michael Hucka
 - Andrew Finney
 - Bruce Shapiro
 - Maria Schilstra
 - Sarah Keating
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<member name="Mélanie Courtot" role="developer"/>

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<member name="Éric Fernandez" role="post-doc"/>

<member name="Nicolas Rodriguez" role="developer"/>

<member name="Dominic Tölle" role="PhD student"/>

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